Bellefonte Republican.

Gen'l James A Beaver

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VOL. XXXVIII | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1906. | NO 35[illegible]7

AUGUST COURT IS NOW OVER

Big List of Criminal Cases Disposed of.

$5,000 FOR MONUMENT

The Second Grand Jury That Has Approved Appropriation—Four Men Sentenced to the Western Penitentiary.

THE FINAL REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY

The August term of Court is over and all the jurors were discharged by Friday night. One of the most important cases of the week was that of the Commonwealth vs. Bert Weston. The particulars of this case are probably still fresh in the memory of our readers. It was on the night of the 13th of August of this year that the large barn on the farm of Rhodes and Thompson, near Unionville, was destroyed by fire. The fire was evidently of incendiary origin and suspicion at once fastened on Bert Weston, a one armed man, who had been in the employ of Rhodes & Thompson on a lumber job n the Muncy mountains. Weston was lodged in jail at Lock Haven the next day and then brought to Bellefonte for trial.

The trial was called late Thursday afternoon and lasted almost all day Friday. The prisoner was ably defended by Col. E. R. Chambers and S. Kline Woodring It seems that Weston had a dispute with Rhoades about wages, according to the testimony offered, and made threats to John Woods and others that he would get even by burning the barn. He made hese threats two weeks before the fire. The fire broke out about quarter of eleven on the night of the 13th. The loss was $1500. One horse was burned up and all the hay and grain. The prisoner was seen in the vicinity of the barn on the night of the fire and later went to Snow Shoe Intersection where he caught a freight train to Lock Haven. While the fire was at its heighth, a black horse with bridle on came galloping back to the barn from the direction of Snow Shoe Intersection. This and other evidence fastened the guilt on Weston, who offered no evidence in his own defenee. He was found guilty of felonious arson.

At ten o'clock Saturday the court met and Judge Orvis passed sentence on those convicted during the week.

Gotlieb Kerstein, charge rape, sentenced to fine of $100.00 costs of prosecution and three years at hard labor in the western penitentiary.

Harry Stine, charge cruelty to animals $30 fine and costs.

Kirby Goss, stealing a watch; sentenced to the Huntingdon Reformatory.

James Yardly, theft of $75. Sentence, $1.00 fine costs and 1 year and 6 months in the western penitentiary.

Nestor Sirgey, horse stealing. Sentence to $1.00 fine costs of prosecution nd three years in the penitentiary.

Bert Weston, charged with felonion arson. Sentenced to pay $100 fin costs of prosecution and under go three years imprisonment at hard labor in the western penitentiary.

TO THE HONORABLE THE JUDGES OF QUARTER SESSIONS OF THE PEACE IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CENTRE AUGUST SESSIONS, 1906.

The Grand Inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, inquiring for the County of Centre, in all matters relating to the same, do respectfully report:

That they have acted upon thirty bills of Indictment of which twenty-seven were found true bills, and three were found not true bills.

We beg leave further to report; that we have visited and inspected the County buildings and find necessary a new carpet for office at jail also new paper for side walls and ceiling for said office, repairs to water pipe in cell No. 16, also repairing of floor in lower hall of jail. All the other county property in fair condition.

We further report the application for an appropriation from the county to aid in the completion and final payment of the monument to the soldiers and sailors of Centre county who served in the war of the late Rebellion as set forth in the petition presented is approved to the extent of a sum not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars (5000).

We further report that the application presented for a bridge in the Boro of Millheim is approved.

We respectfully tender our thanks to the Honorable Judges and District Attorney for their courtesy and assistance rendered us during our deliberations.

W. H. BARTHOLOMEW, Foreman.

Dated August 31st, 1906.

THE COUNCIL MEETING.

Matters of Importance Which Held Their Attention Monday Night.

The regular semi-monthly session o council was held Monday and in the absence of President Keller, the council selected Mr. Shuey as president pro tem. Other members present were Kirk, Wagner, Keichline, Hamilton.

The Street committee reported fixing mud hole at poor house and other necessary repairs to streets. Other things which were referred to street committee were not done and Chairman Kirk stated that he could not get the committee together to decide what was to be done.

Mr. Keichline of the Water committee reported the laying of new water pipes on Penn street.

Chairman Shuey of the finance submitted their report which showed a balance due treasurer of $184.23

Burgess Curtin reported the collection of fines $14.00 and licenses $33.00. He also reported that he had rented the use of W. H. Musser's office for a Burgess office and police headquarters and recommended the payment of $30.00 rent for same. It was referred to Fire and Police committee to investigate and report.

The upper end of Logan street was reported to council as being in a very bad condition.

The following pavements are in bad order, Brant House all around, D, F Fortney, Blackfords and Burnsides on Logan street.

The gutters in front of F. W. Crider's and A. O. Furst are filled up and shoulp be repaired. The properties of S. H. Diehl, F. H. Thomas, Oscar Wetzel, Harvey Schaeffer and P. F. Keichline on Willowbank street, should have gutters and curbe built in front.

A complaint was also made in regard to Blackford's running slop out into the street in front of their restaurant. The clerk was ordered to notify all these parties complained of.

The street committee was notified to repair East Logan street.

The following bills were approved and orders drawn:

Street Pay Roll	$ 58 70
Bellefonte Electric Co	393 50
" " "	14 40
" " "	5 05
Police Pay Roll	54 05
W. T. Kelly, 1mo as clerk	12 50
Water Pay Roll	87 10
Bellefonte Electric Co	4 35
W. H. Johnston	2 00
A. Allison	35 15
	$666 75

Use for Spider's Silk.

Several small articles of wearing apparel have been made of silk woven from spiders' webs, and they were found to be durable, lighter in weight, and more pleasing to the touch than articles made of the ordinary kind of silk. Spiders' silk is not likely to become popular, however, because spiders cannot be cultivated profitably owing to their enormous appetites.

The spider ought not to be regarded as an enemy to mankind, for it does a great service as a destroyer of insects. The speed with which it can gobble up a house fly is amazing. It has been calculated that a man, eating at the same rate as a spider, would require "a whole fat ox for breakfast, an ox and five sheep for dinner, for supper two bullocks, eight sheep and four hogs, and, just before retiring, nearly four barrels of fresh fish.' It is, however, a wasteful feeder, and often sucks the juices of its victim, discarding the more solid parts.

Cunningham—Croft.

A quiet wedding in which many people will be interested occurred at the Baptist Parsonage Milesburg, Thursday morning Aug 29th. at 10:30 o'clock, when George H. Cunningham and Mary E. Croft were united in the bonds of holy matrimony by pastor A. C. Lathrop. The groom is an industrious and esteemed young man employed at Nantyglo. The bride is a talented young lady possessed of many excellent virtues living with her parents near Yarnell. Many friends wish the happy young couple unbounded success and prosperity in their journey through life.

Notice.

On and after Saturday Sept. 8th the Bellefonte Central R. R. will resume the full schedule of trains between Bellefonte and State College.

Trains will leave Bellefonte 6:20; 10:15 a. m. 3 p. m.

Trains will leave State College 8:00; 11:50 a. m. 5:20 p. m.

CHARGED WITH LOOTING!

Warrants Issued for Two Bank Officials.

SEGAL TO BE ARRESTED

Hipple and Segal Were Partners in Wildcat Schemes and Former Killed Himself When They Could Not Raise Money.

DIRECTORS MAY ALSO BE ARRESTED

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—District Attorney Bell is authority for the statement that warrants were prepared for the arrest of William F. North, treasurer of the Real Estate Trust company; M. S. Collingwood, assistant treasurer, and Adolph Segal, on charges of conspiring with Frank K. Hipple, the suicide president of the institution, to loot its treasury. Segal is the promoter who borrowed more than $5,000,000 from the bank on flimsy collarteral to finance his enterprises. Horace Hill, the aged auditor, will not be arrested. He is 75 years old, and broken in health. The district attorney says he was a figurehead and a tool used by the looters.

When the district attorney was asked how the Hipple-Segal conspiracy was consummated, he said:

"Blank notes with Segal's name attached have been discovered, and I think we are on the track of an explanation of the $2,300,000 difference in the amounts of loans as given by the books of the bank and the statement of Mr. Segal.

"Evidently Hipple and Segal were partners in all of the latter's wildcat schemes. Hipple, while he was not directly implicated as a stockholder or director in the various companies organized with the funds of the company, was represented in each of them through his son, who was treasurer of four of the companies.

"Segal's method of doing business was to buy up or organize a company at an expense of, say $50,000. He would then mortgage it for eight or ten times this amount, issue bonds and pledge these as collateral for more money.

"Mr. North appears to have been the executor of the Hipple-Segal plans, and Collingwood knew what North knew."

It is declared in certain quarters that Hipple's suicide resulted from Segal's failure to realize money on the plant of the sugar refining company. When the company was organized by Hipple and Segal, the stocks and bonds were purchased by New York and Philadelphia capitalists. Hipple and Segal are said to have believed they had control of the plant, and when at a critical moment in their financial affairs Segal applied to Mr. Havemeyer for money, offering the refinery as security, Mr. Havemeyer informed the promoter that he controlled 51 per cent. of the sugar refinery stock, which prevented Segal from dictating terms.

Receiver Earle announced that Mr. Segal had turned over his entire interest in the Pennsylvania Sugar Refinery. The plant is heavily encumbered, however, and Segal's interest will be of little benefit to the depositors. Mr. Earle also stated that the loan to the Arling Brook company, a Baltimore realty concern, amounting to nearly $300,000, was paid.

State Attorney General Carson forwarded a letter to State Banking Commissioner Berkey at Harrisburg, instructing him to furnish copies of the reports of the Real Estate Trust company to District Attorney Bell. Mr. Berkey said that as soon as he received the instructions he would comply with them. His previous refusal to make public the reports at the request of the district attorney was because of the law prohibiting the publication of such documents.

Logan M. Bullitt, a lawyer, acting for himself and other depositors, made a formal request upon Receiver Earle to proceed against the directors of the trust company. In his letter he stated that it is a self-evident proposition that had the directors exercised ordinary care and precaution no such wholesale looting could have taken place. The bank's contract with the depositors, he said, was to pay them on demand. That contract was broken when the doors of the institution were closed, and the liability of the directors immediately arose.

Receiver Earle states that he has been legally informed that he has nothing to do with the trust funds. His counsel also informed him that checks and coupons sent to the bank for collection and not yet collected might be returned.

CURTIN—FURST.

Pretty Nuptial Event Unites Two of Bellefonte's Popular Young People.

On Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock the handsome home of Hon. Austin O. Furst on West Linn street was the scene of a quiet but very beautiful social event. The occassion was the giving in marriage of their only daughter, Miss Jane Watson Furst to Mr. John Curtin. Only the immediate families and a few invited friends of the contracting parties were present.

At the hour appointed the bridal party entered the spacious west parlor to the music of Lohengrin's wedding march as played by Mr. Fred Weaver and orchestra. First came the ushers, James C., and Walter B. Furst, brothers of the bride. Then came the flower girls, two little tots, Louise and Elizabeth Furst the former a daughter of John Furst, of Williamsport, and the latter a daughter of William Furst of Philadelphia. Then came the bridesmaid. Miss Jane Curtin Breeze of Downingtown, Pa., and the maid of honor, Miss Katherine Curtin of Roland, the latter a sister of the groom, Lastly the bride appeared looking beautiful and attractive and attired in a handsome costume. She was leaning on the arm of her brother, William S. Furst, who gave her away. The groom entered the parlor from a side door accompanied by his best man, his brother, J. Malcolm Curtin of Pittsburg. The party met under a beautiful bower of flowers and the marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Allison Platts pastor of the Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. William Laurie D. D.

After the ceremony congratulations were extended to the happy couple and then a bounteous wedding supper was served. Later Mr. and Mrs. Curtin departed on 8:16 train for their wedding tour.

The interior of the Furst residence was very beautifully adorned with flowers and potted plants. The front porches were also enclosed and beautifully decorated with clematis, cat-o'-nine tails, flowers and potted plants.

As a testimony to the high regard in which Miss Furst is held she received many beautiful and costly presents.

The bride is a very attractive and accomplished young lady and a leader in Bellefonte social circles. The groom is a son of Hon. Harry R. Curtin, of Roland, and an exemplary young man in every way. He is a book-keeper in the Centre County Bank.

Jacob Bottorf.

Died at home at Lemont, on Wednesday afternoon, 29th inst., at 2:30. Mr. Bottorf was a well known and prominent citizen of this county, a native of College township and lived an exemplary life as a farmer and public spirited citizen. Having spent the greater part of his life as a farmer, he retired and purchased a home at Lemont, where he spent the rest of his years, and some-hteen years ago he became a director and agent of the Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Company, in which capacity he proved his efficiency by being retained up to his death, and during his agency secured a vast number of policyholders in that community. He was twice elected to the vice-presidency, of the company by a unanimous vote, and held that position at his death. He was an active and consistent member of the Lutheran church. He leaves a widow, nee Musser, and the following daughters and sons to mourn his death: Mrs. Mary Waite, of Lock Haven; Mrs. Elizabeth Olewine, of Bellefonte; and Misses Ruth and Etta at home. His sons are: Wm. H., of Bellefonte; Linn, of Curwensville; and D. Hall, at Lemont. He was confined to his bed seven weeks from a complication of diseases. The age of deceased was 73 years today. Interment Saturday, at Shiloh.

A Young Financier.

A little lady of twelve years, who is known to a writer in the Washington Post, has in her the genius of a promoter and organizer. Not long ago she asked permission of her aunt to draw out all the money she has in the bank and give it to the club of little girls of which she is president. The money was to be devoted to the poor.

Her aunt was touched by the child's generosity, and asked: "Do you really want to give all your money to the poor?"

"I want to put it all in the treasury," replied the child, "but I am not going to let them keep it all. I'll leave it there long enough to encourage the other girls to give something, and then I'll take it out."

THE RECORD OF DEATHS!

Two Sudden Deaths Shock Centre Co.

J. B. LANE PASSES AWAY

Also Orin L. Schoonover of Winburne—The Former a Decendent of James Buchanan, the Latter a Prominent Business Man.

OTHERS WHO HAVE CROSSED THE RIVER

The residents of Bellefonte were severly shocked Tuesday evening when the news became broadcast of the sudden death of James B. Lane, for many years a well known citizen of the town. Mr. Lane has been boarding at the Bush House for several weeks past and Tuesday evening about 6:30 o'clock the colored porter went to his room to call him to supper when the sad discovery was made that Mr. Lane was dead. Dr. R. G. H. Hayes was called in and he at once sent for Coroner P. S. Fisher, of Zion, who held an examination and decided that death was due to heart failure. The remains were taken in charge of by undertaker H. P. Harris to prepare for burial.

James Buchanan Lane was born in Lancaster on January 8th 1854. His family was well known in Lancaster County for generations and comprised among its number men who hold high station in both civic and military circles since colonial times.

Mr. Lane was named after his great uncle, Pennsylvania's President. He came to this town about forty years ago with his widowed mother and two brothers. After graduating at the Bellefonte Academy, he entered the employ of the Reynolds Bank and remained with that institution for many years.

In 1879 he married Miss Thomasine Thomas, a daughter of the late Jacob V. Thomas, and in a few years after the birth of their only child, moved to Philadelphia with his family, where he was connected with the Whitmer Lumber Company. After the death of his aunt, Harriet Lane Johnston, he and his wife returned to Bellefonte.

He is survived by his wife and one son, Richard J. Lane, and also by his two brothers, John N. Lane, of this place, and Eskridge E. Lane, of Haddonfield, New Jersey.

Mr. Lane's death will be much regretted by those who knew him. From his youngest days he was a leader in the social gayeties of the town. Always affable and courteous to everyone, he had a pleasant word for all whom he chanced to meet.

His funeral will take place today at 2 o'clock, services at the home of his wife's niece, Mrs. John P. Lyon. Interment in the Union cemetery.

O. L. SCHOONOVER.

O. L. Schoonover, one of Winburne's best known business men, died very suddenly Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock on the streets of Philipsburg. His death was very sudden and unexpected and was due to heart failure. Up until his death he had been in his usual good health and was about attending to his extensive business affairs as usual when the grim reaper overtook him.

Mr. Schoonover was interested in many enterprises. He was vice-president of the Bituminous National Bank, Winburne, a director in the Street Railway and owner of numberless properties in and about Philipsburg. His home was at Winburne, Clearfield county.

WILLIAM H. BROUSE.

William H. Brouse, a well known citizen of Pine Grove Mills, died at his home in that place this morning after an extended illness from paralysis. The deceased was born at the Branch about seventy-five years ago. All his life was spent in agricultural pursuits. About three years ago he retired from active work and has since lived quietly in Pine Grove Mills. He was a member of the Reformed church and was well known for his sociability and pleasant manners.

He is survived by his wife and the following children: Rev. C. Y., of Mt. Union; W. H., of Boalsburg; Mrs. Ross Grove, of Scotia; Mrs. Daniel Decker of Altoona.

THE WILLIAMS RE-UNION.

Big Crowd Attends 7th Annual Gathering at Martha Furnace.

An ideal day, a beautiful grove and a large crowd of pleasant congenial people combined to make the Seventh Annual Re-union of the William's Family at Martha, Saturday, one of the most successful ever held. The reunion was held n the lovely picnic grounds belonging to Ex-County Treasurer John Q. Miles, and a more ideal place could not be imagined. The weather was fair and clear and just warm enough to be pleasant in the woods.

Early in the morning the crowd began to gather, some driving, some walking and hundreds coming in the trains. This annual outing has come to be looked forward to with pleasant anticipations, not only by the William's and their large connections in Centre and adjoining counties, but by their hosts of friends drawn together by the hearty welcome and general good time afforded them. It is estimated that fully 2000 people attended the re-union on Saturday.

In addition to the meeting of old friends and acquaintances and the mingling social intercourse one with another there were two interesting meetings, one in the morning and one in the afternoon. The morning meeting was called to order at 10:45 by the President, R. J. Williams. Invocation was offered by Rev. G. W. Downing. In words of hearty greeting W. R. Heaton delivered the address of welcome which was ably responded to by G. A. Williams. An eloquent oration was then delivered by Col. Austin Curtin, of Roland.

At both the morning and afternoon meetings and at intervals during the day the Howard band discoursed some very excellent music.

The afternoon meeting was called to order at 2 o'clock and excellent addresses were delivered by D. F. Fortney, Rev. G. W. Downing, W. Francis Speer and District Attorney W. G. Runkle.

In the evening the crowd wended its way homeward, feeling that they had spent a day that would long remain green in their memory.

Fall Term Opens Thursday Sept. 13.

Owing to unavoidable delay in getting possession of properties acquired for the use of the academy, it becomes necessary to postpone the opening of the fall term until Thursday, Sept. 13.

The largest and most experienced corps of teachers ever engaged at the academy will be in charge of the various departments as follows:

Rev. James P. Hughes, A. M. Principal Emeritus. Princeton University, Mathematics and Book-keeping.

James R. Hughes, A. M., head master, Princeton University, Latin, Greek and Oratory.

Helen E. Canfield Overton, Preceptress Minneapolis City Schools, Elementary, English and Mathematics.

Edward H. Meyer, B. S., Pennsylvania State College, Higher Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry.

Franklin T. Cole, B. S., Pennsylvania State College, Mathematics.

Horace M. Smith, A. B., Columbian University, English, Rhetoric and Literature.

Winfred C. Decker, A. B., Columbia University, Latin, History and Civics.

Jesse T. Stinard, A. B., Brown University, French, German and Spanish.

Rev. J. Allison Platts, Ph. D., Alford University, Bible Lectures.

Jennie Mildred Harper, Smith College, Assistant in Elementary Branches.

Ruth Heylmun Kase, Bellefonte Academy, Assistant in Elementary Branches.

Charles S. Hughes, A. B., Business Manager, Princeton University, Mathematics and Stenography.

Death of William Campbell.

William Campbell, one of the well-known residents of Milesburg, died quite suddenly at 10:30 o'clock on Wednesday morning August 29th. He had not been feeling very well for a few days owing to a kidney trouble but nothing serious was apprehended until Wednesday morning when he grew suddenly worse and died in a few minutes. Heart disease was given as the immediate cause of death.

He was fifty-eight years of age and had lived in Milesburg most all his life. For a number of years he was mail agent on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad and later worked for the New York Central, but the past few years he has lived a retired life. He is survived by his wife and one son, Edward, of New York city.

BRYAN DISCUSSES POLITICAL ISSUES

20,000 Persons Cheer Nebraskan at New York Reception.

TRUSTS THE PARAMOUNT ISSUE

He Outlined What Democratic Policy Should Be, and Mighty Cheers For William R. Hearst Greeted His Declaration For Government Ownership of Railroads.

New York, Aug. 31.—The homecoming of William J. Bryan was made complete when he was greeted in Madison Square Garden by a throng of welcomers numbering more than 20,000. It was such a welcome as seldom, if ever before, was accorded a private citizen. Mr. Bryan's eyes filled with tears as he stood and acknowledged the thundering welcome from 20,000 throats. For eight minutes, while the Garden seemed to sway and shake from the shouts and applause, he strode nervously from side to side of the narrow platform. Only once again during the entire evening was there anything approaching such a demonstration. That was when the speaker told his hearers that he had become converted to the cause of government ownership of railroads.

"I favor the control of only the trunk lines by the national government," said Mr. Bryan, "and the ownership of all other railroads by the state governments."

In an instant thousands of voices were raised and thousands of faces were turned toward the side of the building opposite the speakers' stand where William Randolph Hearst sat.

"Three cheers for Hearst," was the cry which swelled until the speaker's voice was drowned for a moment.

The reception, which was given under the auspices of the Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League, proved really to be the sounding of the Democratic campaign call. Mr. Bryan's speech was a clear-cut outline of his ideas as to what Democratic policy should be. The election of United States senators by the people; regulation of trusts by the government; a universal eight-hour day; settlement of all international disputes by arbitration rather than by resort to force, and revision of the tariff—were some of his points. Mr. Bryan declared, however, that he was merely expressing his own opinion and not attempting to forecast the policy of his party.

The only discordant note sounded during the evening was when Mr. Bryan turned to a discussion of socialism and declared that the man who says the trust is an economic growth and has come to stay is the one who is helping the socialist. Some one yelled, "Three cheers for socialism," but the call was drowned in hisses.

Mr. Bryan quickly said: "My friends, I have no objection to any man expressing himself in favor of socialism, because the socialist as a rule is an honest man; he is seeking what he believes to be a benefit to him with argument and not with business."

When Mr. Bryan rose to speak he was greeted with tumultuous applause. He said in part:

Mr. Bryan's Speech.

Like all travelers who have visited other lands, I return with delight to the land of my birth, more proud of its people, with more confidence in its government and grateful to the Providence that cast my lot in the United States. No other nation could show such a record of benevolence and disinterested friendship. My love for our form of government has been quickened as I have visited castles and towers and peered into dark dungeons, and I am glad that our nation, profiting by the experience of the past and unhampered by traditions and unfettered by caste has been permitted to form a new centre of civilization on new soil and erect here "a government of the people, by the people and for the people."

The first message that I bring from the old world is a message of peace. The cause of arbitration is making real progress in spite of the fact that the nations most prominent in the establishment of The Hague tribunal have themselves been engaged in wars since that court was organized. There is a perceptible growth in the sentiment in favor of the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means.

Another subject connected with our foreign relations; I venture to suggest that we may not only promote peace but also advance our commercial interests by announcing as a national policy that our navy will not be used for the collection of private debts. Many profitable fields of investment are now closed because the people of the smaller nations are afraid that an investment of foreign capital will be made an excuse for a foreign invasion.

Lost Prestige Through Philippines.

Before leaving international peace, let me add that our nation has lost prestige, rather than gained it, by our experiment in colonialism. We have given the monarchist a chance to ridicule our Declaration of Independence, and the scoffer has twitted us with inconsistency. A tour through the Philippine Islands has deepened the conviction that we should lose no time in announcing our purpose to deal with the Filipinos as we deal with the Cubans. Every consideration, commercial and political, leads to this conclusion. Such ground as we may need for coaling stations or for a naval base will be gladly conceded by the Filipinos, who simply desire an opportunity to work out their own destiny, inspired by our example and aided by our advice. In so far as our efforts have been directed toward the education of the Filipinos, we have rendered them a distinct service, but in educating them we must recognize that we are making colonialism impossible. If we intend to hold them as subjects, we would not dare to educate them; self-government with ultimate independence must be assumed if we contemplate universal education in the Philippines.

Elect Senators By Popular Vote.

I return more convinced than before of the importance of a change in the method of electing United States senators. There is noticeable everywhere a distinct movement toward Democracy in its broadest sense. In all the countries which I have visited there is a demand that the governmetn be brought nearer to the people. In the United States this trend toward Democracy has taken the form of a growing demand for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people. I am within the limits of the truth when I say that the senate has been for some years the bulwark of predatory wealth, and that it even now contains so many members who owe their election to favor-seeking corporations and are so subservient to their masters as to prevent needed legislation. The popular branch of congress has declared in favor of this reform by a two-thirds vote and more than two-thirds of the states have demanded it, and yet the senate arrogantly and impudently blocks the way.

Favors Income Tax.

The income tax which some in our country have denounced as a socialistic attack upon wealth has. I am pleased to report, the indorsement of the most conservative countries in the old world. It is a permanent part of the fiscal system of most of the countries of Europe and in many places it is a graded tax, the rate being higher upon the largest incomes. I have been absent too long to speak with any authority on the public sentiment in this country at this time, but I am so convinced of the justice of the income tax that I feel sure that the people will sooner or later demand an amendment to the constitution which will authorize an income tax, and thus make it possible for the burdens of the federal government apportioned among the people in proportion to their ability to bear them.

Capital and Labor.

I have referred to the investigation of international controversies under a system which does not bind the parties to accept the findings of the court of inquiry. This plan can be used in disputes between labor and capital. In advocating arbitration of differences between large corporate employers and their employes, I believe we are defending the highest interests of the three parties to these disputes, viz., the employers, the employes and the public. The employes cannot be turned over to the employer to be dealt with as the employer may please. The question sometimes arises: "Can I not conduct my business to suit myself?" This question is a plausible one, but when a man in conducting his business attempts to arbitrarily fix the conditions under which hundreds of employes will have to live and to determine the conditions under which hundreds of others shall have to exist, I contend that he has no right to deprive his employes of the right of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. To support this position I need only refer to the laws regulating the safety of the mines, the factory laws fixing the age at which children can be employed, and usury laws establishing the rate of interest.

But if it is unwise to make the employer the sole custodian of the rights and interests of the employes, it is equally unwise to give to the employes uncontrolled authority over the rights and interests of the employer. The employes are no more to be trusted to act unselfishly and disinterestedly than the employers. In their zeal to secure an advantage they may not only do injustice, but even forfeit a larger future gain.

No reference to the labor question is complete that does not include some mention of what is known as government by injunction. As the main purpose of the writ is to evade trial by jury, it is really an attack upon the judicial system, and ought to arouse a unanimous protest. So long as the meanest thief is guaranteed a trial by jury, a jury ought not to be denied to wage earners. However, as the writ is usually invoked in case of a strike, the importance of the subject would be very much reduced by the addition of a system of arbitration, because arbitration would much reduce, even if it did not entirely remove the probability of a strike.

Just another word in regard to the laboring man. The struggle to secure an eight-hour day is an international struggle, and it is sure to be settled in favor of the workingman's contention. The benefits of the labor-saving machine have not been distributed with equity. The producer has enormously multiplied his capacity, but so far the owner of the machine has received too much of the increase and the laborer too little.

Bimetallism Not an Issue.

Thus far I have dwelt upon subjects which may not be regarded as strictly partisan, but I am sure that you will pardon me if in this presence I betray my interest in those policies for which the Democratic party stands. Our opponents have derived not only partisan pleasure, but also partisan advantage from the division caused in our party by the money question. They ought not, therefore, begrudge us the satisfaction that we find in the fact that unexpected conditions have removed the cause of our differences and permitted us to present a united front on present issues. The unlooked for and unprecedented increase in the production of gold had brought a victory to both the advocates of gold and the advocates of bimetallism—the former keeping the gold standard which they wanted and the latter securing the larger volume of money for which they contended.

Trusts the Paramount Issue.

While men may differ as to the relative importance of issues, and while the next congress will largely shape the lines upon which the coming presidential campaign will be fought, I think it is safe to say that at present the paramount issue in the minds of a large majority of the people is the trust issue. I congratulate President Roosevelt upon the steps which he has taken to enforce the anti-trust law and my gratification is not lessened by the fact that he has followed the Democratic rather than the Republican platform in every advance he has made.

Before any intelligent action can be taken against the trusts, we must have a definition of a trust. Because no corporation has an absolute and complete monopoly of any important product, the apologists for the trusts sometimes insist that there are in reality no trusts. For the purpose of this discussion it is sufficient to draw the line at the point where competition ceases to be effective, and to designate as a trust any corporation which controls so much of the product of any article that it can fix the terms and conditions of sale.

Must Protect Legitimate Business.

Legislation which prevents a monopoly does not injure legitimate business, but protects it from injury. We are indebted to the younger Rockefeller for an illustration which makes this distinction clear. In defending the trust system, he is quoted as saying that, as the American Beauty rose cannot be brought to perfection without pinching off 99 buds, so that the 100th bud can receive the full strength of the bush, so great industrial organizations are impossible without the elimination of the smaller ones. It is a cruel illustration, but it presents a perfectly accurate picture of trust methods. The Democratic party champions the cause of the 99 buds that are menaced; they must not be sacrificed that one great combination may flourish, and when the subject is understood we shall receive the cordial support of hundreds of thousands of business men who have themselves felt the operation of the trusts or who, having observed the effect of the trusts upon others, realize that their safety lies not in futile attempts at the restraint of trusts, but in legislation which will make a private monopoly impossible. Our motto must be: "A private monopoly is indefensible and intolerable," and our plan of attack must contemplate the total and complete overthrow of the monopoly principle in industry.

Imprison the Guilty.

We need not quarrel over remedies. We must show ourselves willing to support any remedy which promises substantial advantage to the people in their warfare against monopoly. Something is to be expected from the enforcement of the criminal clause of the Sherman anti-trust law, but this law must be enforced, not against a few trusts as at present, but against all trusts, and the aim must be to imprison the guilty, not merely to recover a fine. What is a fine of $1000, or even $10,000 to a trust which makes $100,000 while the trial is in progress? If the criminal clause is not going to be enforced it ought to be repealed.

New Anti-Trust Laws Needed.

But it is not sufficient to enforce existing laws. If ten corporations conspiring together in restraint of trade are threatened with punishment all they have to do now is to dissolve their separate corporations and turn their property over to a new corporation. We need, therefore, new legislation and the Republican party not only fails to enact such legislation, but fails even to promise it. The Democratic party must be prepared to propose new and efficient legislation.

For Tariff Reform.

The tariff question is very closely allied to the trust question and the reduction of the tariff furnishes an easy means of limiting the extortion which the trusts can practice. While absolute free trade would not necessarily make a trust impossible, still it is probable that very few manufacturing establishments would dare to enter into a trust if the president were empowered to put on the free list articles competing with those controlled by a trust. The principle embodied in the protective tariff has been the fruitful source of a great deal of political corruption as well as the support of many of our most iniquitious trusts. It is difficult to condemn the manufacturers for uniting to take advantage of a high tariff schedule when the schedule is framed on the theory that the industries need all the protection given and it is not likely that the beneficiaries of these schedules will consent to their reduction so long as the public waits for the tariff to be reformed by its friends.

But one of the worst features of a tariff, levied not for revenue but for the avowed purpose of protection, is that it fosters the idea that men should use their votes to advance their own financial interests. The manufacturer has been assured that it is legitimate for him to vote for congressmen who, whatever their opinions on other subjects may be, will legislate larger dividends into his pocket, and laboring men have been urged to make their wages their only concern.

There never was a time when tariff reform could be more easily entered upon, for the manufacturers by selling abroad cheaper than at home, as many of them do, have not only shown their ingratitude toward those who built the tariff wall for them, but they have demonstrated their ability to sell in competition with the world. The high tariff has long been a burden to the consumer in the United States and it is growing more and more a menace to our foreign commerce because it arouses resentment and provokes retaliation.

The Railway Question.

The railway question is also interwoven with the trust question. Nearly all the private monopolies have received rebates or secured other advantages over competitors. Absolute quality of treatment at the hands of the railways would go far toward crippling the trusts, and I rejoice that the president has had the courage to press this question upon congress. While the law, as it was finally distorted by the senate, is ont all that could be wished, it deserves a fair trial.

Rate regulation was absolutely necessary, and it furnishes some relief from the unbearable econditions which previously existed, but we must not forget that the vesting of this enormous power in the hands of a commission appointed by the president introduces a new danger. If an appointive board has the power to fix rates, and can, by the exercise of that power, increase or decrease by hundreds of millions of dollars the annual revenues of the railways, will not the railways feel that they have a large pecuniary interest in the election of a president friendly to the railways? Experience has demonstrated that municipal corruption is largely traceable to the fact that franchise corporations desire to control the city council, and thus increase their dividends. If the railway maangers adopt the same policy the sentiment in favor of the ownership of the railways by the government is likely to increase as rapidly throughout the country as the sentiment in favor of municipay ownership has increased in the cities.

Favors Public Ownership.

I have already reached the conclusion that railways partake so much of the nature of a monopoly that they must ultimately become public property and be managed by public officials in the interest of the whole community, in accordance with the well-defined theory that public ownership is necessary where competition is impossible. I do not know that the country is ready for this change I do not know that a majority of my own party favor it, but I believe that an increasing number of the members of all parties see in public ownership the sure remedy for discriminations between persons and places, and for the extortionate rates for the carrying of freight and passengers.

Believing, however, that the operation of all the railways by the federal government would result in a centralization which would all but obliterate state lines, I prefer to see only the trunk operated by the federal government and the local lines by the several state governments.

Some have opposed this dual ownership as impracticable, but investigation in Europe has convinced me that it is entirely practicable. Nearly all the railroads of Germany are owned by the several states, the empire not even owning the trunk lines, and yet the interstate traffic is in no wise obstructed. In travelling from Constantinople to Vienna one passes through Turkey, Bulgary, Servia, Hungary and a part of Austria, without a change of cars, and yet each country owns and operates its own roads and different languages are spoken on the different divisions of the line. Sweden and Norway each owns its railroads, but they have no trouble about interstate traffic, although their political relations are somewhat strained.

The ownership of the lines by the several state governments is not only feasible, but it suits itself to the conditions existing in the various states. In those states where the people are ripe for a change the local lines can be purchased or new lines be built at once, while private ownership can continue in those states in which the people still prefer private ownership.

Some states have been more careful than others to prevent the watering of stock, and in the acquiring of roads each state can act according to the situation which it has to meet.

As to the right of governments, federal and state, to own and operate railroads there can be no doubt. If we can deepen the water in the lakes and build connecting canals in order to cheapen railroad transportation during half of the year, we can build a railroad and cheapen rates the whole year; if we can spend several hundred millions on the Panama canal to lower trans-continental rates, we can build a railroad from New York to San Francisco to lower both trans-continental and local rates.

If any of you question my propriety of my mentioning this subject, I beg to remind you that the president could not have secured the passage of the rate bill had he not appealed to the fear of the more radical remedy of government ownership, and nothing will so restrain the railroad magnates from attempting to capture the interstate commerce commission as the same fear. The high-handed manner in which they have violated law and ignored authority, together with the corruption discovered in high places, has done more to create sentiment in favor of public ownership than all the speeches and arguments of the opponents of private ownership.

I have referred to the railroad question as a part of the trust question because they are so interwoven that it is difficult to consider one without the other.

Trusts a Political Development.

Just a word more in regard to the trusts. Some defend them on the ground that they are an economic development and that they cannot be prevented without great injury to our industrial system. This may be answered in two ways. First, trusts are a political development rather than an economic one; and, second, the trust system cannot be permitted to continue even though it did result in a net economic gain. It is political because it rests upon the corporation and the corporation rests upon a statutory foundation. The trust, instead of being a natural development, is a form of legalized larceny and can exist only so long as the law permits it to exist. That there is an economic advantage in production on a large scale may be admitted, but because a million yards of cloth can be produced in one factory at a lower price per yard than 100,000 yards can be produced in the same factory, it does not follow that cloth would be produced at a still lower price per yard if all the cloth consumed in the United States were produced in one factory or under one management. There is a point beyond which the economic advantage of large production ceases. The moment an industry approaches the position of a monopoly it begins to lose in economic efficiency, for a monopoly discourages invention, invites to deterioration in quality, and destroys a most potent factor in production, viz. individual ambition.

But the political objections to a trust overcome any economic advantage which it can possibly have. Can economic advantage justify an industrial despotism or compensate a nation for the loss of independence among its producers. Political liberty could not long endure under an industrial system which permitted a few powerful magnates to control the means of livelihood of the rest of the people.

Trusts Vs. Landlordism.

Landlordism, the curse of Europe, is an innocent institution in comparison with the trust, when the trust is carried to its logical conclusion. The man that argues that there is an economic advantage in private monopoly is aiding socialism. The socialist, asserting the economic superiority of the monopoly, insists that its benefits shall accrue to the whole people, and his conclusion cannot be denied if the superiority of monopoly is admitted. The Democratic party, if I understand its position, denies the economic as well as the political advantage of private monopoly and promises to oppose it wherever it manifests itself. It offers as an alternative, competition where competition is possible and public monopoly wherever circumstances are such as to prevent competition.

Opposes Socialism.

Socialism presents a consistent theory, but a theory which, in my judgment, does not take human nature into account. Its strength is in its attack upon evils the existence of which is confessed. Its weakness is that it would substitute a new disease—if not a worse one—for the disease from which we suffer. The socialist is honest in the belief that he has found a remedy for human ills, and he must be answered with argument, not with abuse. The best way to oppose socialism is to remedy the abuses which have grown up under individualism, but which are not a necessary part of individualism, and the sooner the remedy is applied the better.

But at this time I desire to centre your thoughts upon the overshadowing evil of the day—the trust—with the plutocratic tendencies that result therefrom. It demands a remedy, and the people are prepared to administer heroic treatment. The Democratic party offers a solution which is both reasonable and adequate—a solution in which time-honored principles are applied to new conditions.

Not An Enemy to Property.

The Democratic party is not the enemy of property or of property rights; it is, on the contrary, the best defender of both, because it defends human rights, and human rights are the only foundation upon which property and property rights can rest securely. The Democratic party does not menace a single dollar legitimately accumulated; on the contrary, it insists upon the protection of rich and poor alike in the enjoyment of that which they have honestly earned. The Democratic party does not discourage thrift, but, on the contrary, stimulates each individual to the highest endeavor by assuring him that he will not be deprived of the fruits of his toil. If we can but repeal the laws which enable men to reap where they have not sown—laws which enable them to garner into their overflowing barns the harvests that belong to others—no one will be able to accumulate enough to make his fortune dangerous to the country. Special privileges and the use of the taxing power for private gain—these are the twin pillars upon which plutocracy rests. To take away these supports and to elevate the beneficiaries of special legislation to the path of honest effort ought to be the purpose of our party.

And who can suffer injury by just taxation, impartial laws and the application of the Jeffersonian doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none? Only those whose accumulations are tainted with dishonesty and whose immoral methods have given them a distorted view of business, society and government. Accumulation by conscious fraud more money than they can profitably use upon themselves, wisely distribute or safely leave to their children, and denounce as public enemies all who question their methods or threw a light upon their crimes.

Plutocracy is abhorrent to a republic; it is more despotic than monarchy, more heartless than aristocracy, more selfish than bureaucracy. It preys upon the nation in time of peace and conspires against it in the hour of its calamity. Conscienceless, compassionless and devoid of wisdom, it enervates its votaries while it impoverishes its victims. It is already sapping the strength of the nation, vulgarizing social life and making a mockery of morals. The time is ripe for its overthrow. Let us attack it boldly, making our appeal to the awakened conscience of the nation in the name of the countingroom which it has defiled, in the name of business honor which it has sullied, in the name of the people whom it has oppressed, in the name of the homes which it has despoiled and in the name of religion upon which it has placed the stigma of hypocricy.

Loved Man She'd Never Met.

Cincinnati, Sept. 1.—In the Covington, Ky., circuit court Miss Eva McIntyre, now only a shadow of a once beautiful girl, was adjudged insane and will be sent to an asylum. Eva McIntyre is the girl who became infatuated with Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, who was the Democratic candidate four years ago for secretary of state of Ohio. Rev. Mr. Bigelow, who is married, knew nothing of the girl's infatuation until she had herself repeatedly told of her love in public. She had never seen him except in the pulpit.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs
For sale by C M Parrish.

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Successor to John C. Miller
Fire, Life and Accident. Insurance.
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The Best Course of Study.
Large Faculty of Experienced Specialists.
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Enthusiasm in Every Department. Send for Catalogue.
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"A SQUARE DEAL."

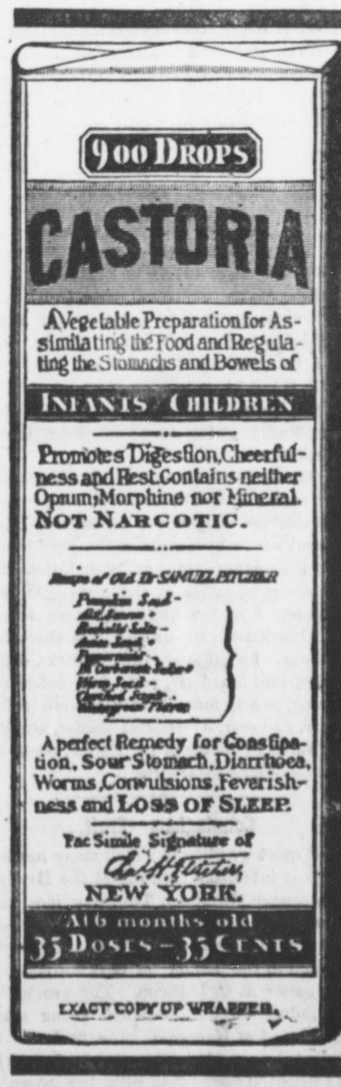
How President Roosevelt's Motto is Illustrated by Pepsikola.

C. M. Parrish says Pepsikola Tablets is the best possible illustration of what our strenuous President means by a square deal. This remarkable remedy is sold to everybody with the express agreement that if it does not do exactly as represented the buyer's money will be cheerfully refunded. They are guaranteed to quickly relieve and permanently cure all stomach troubles, tone up the whole system, give new life and vigor, better courage, more vitality, and bring the weak, weary and despondent back to joyous health.

If they do not cure you of heartburn, sour stomach, loss of appetite, dizziness, headache, lassitude, and all other unpleasant conditions arising from indigestion, all you have to do is to step into Mr. Parrish's Drug Store and he will pay your money back.

The price is only 25¢ if they cure. If they fail the cost is nothing. But they won't fail. Mr. Parrish will tell you that dozens of people you know have been benefitted and cured of indigestion and dyspepsia by Pepsikola Tablets, and they will give you a "square deal." No ure, no pay.

CENTRAL
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.
LOCK HAVEN, - - - - PENN'A
J. R. FLICKINGER, Prin.
The Fall Term begins September 11th. The facilities at this important school for doing first-class work professional and academic were never better than now. Its graduates are required to do a full year's teaching in the training school. Its faculty has the best American and European training. Buildings modern. College Preparatory department. Location unexcelled. Fine Gymnasium. Expenses moderate. Free tuition to prospective teachers.
Address for illustrated catalog,
The Principal.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
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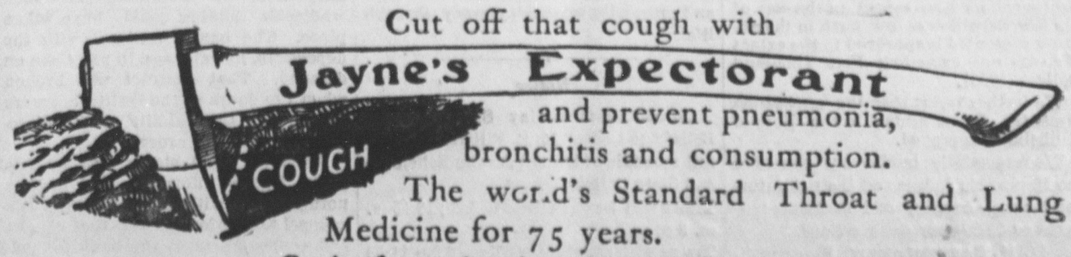


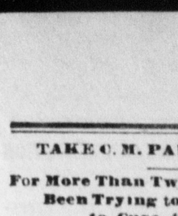
Cut off that cough with
Jayne's Expectorant
and prevent pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption.
The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.
Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

TAKE C. M. PARISH'S ADVICE

For More Than Two Years They Have Been Trying to Tell You How to Cure Indigestion

I know of no surer way to prove that I have a remedy that will relieve stomach troub'e and indigestion than by offering it to you at my own expense in case it fails. Through my own personal recommend many Bellefonte residents have been induced to try this remarkable dyspepsia remedy and they have found relief almost without exception. One little tablet taken after meals invariably relieves distress after eating, sour stomach, fermentation, heart burn, and other symptoms of indigestion. Pepsikola Tablets are a positive cure for chronic dyspepsia and if you have palpitation, sick headache, nervous spells, gnawing pain at the pit of stomach, backache, or if you feel worn out, run down, tired or dispondent, nothing in this world is so sure to renew your energy, steady your nerves improve your digestion and increase your bodily vigor as a ten days' trial of these tablet. Pepsikola is also a grand nerve tonic and Mr. Parish will cheerfully return your 25 cents in case you are not greatly benefitted.

THE WOMAN WHO COUGHED.



Catarrh had nearly ruined me. It had eaten away the partition in my nose; produced Asthma, Bronchitis, Rheumatism; ruined my stomach; in fact, gone all through my system. Then Grip finished me. I was a wreck; took cold at nothing; and coughed day and night. The doctors dosed me with opium and quinine. No good. Cough "cures"? Bah! Then Brazilian Balm renovated me. Killed every germ. Took 10 $1.00 bottles. Now I'm like a girl of 18.
MISS L. L. CLARK. Indianapolis.

For a clear complexion take

ORINO Laxative Fruit Syrup

Pleasant to take

ORINO cleanses the system, and makes sallow blotched complexions smooth and clear. Cures chronic constipation by gently stimulating the stomach, liver and bowels. Refuse substitutes.

C. M. Parrish.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Will cure any case of Kidney or Bladder disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine.

GIVEN UP TO DIE.

B. Spiegel, 1204 N. Virginia St., Evansville, Ind., writes: "For over four years I was troubled with a kidney and bladder affection. I lost flesh and was unable to work. Three physicians failed to help me and I was given up to die. Foley's Kidney Cure was recommended and the first bottle gave me great relief and after taking the second bottle I was entirely cured."

Two Sizes 50 Cents and $1.00
For sale by C. M. Parrish.

Stove Polish 9c.

"U-Shine-It"—the new liquid stove polish, shines easier; wears longer, covers more surface and costs less than any other.

Big Can, 9c.

If you want to save labor, buy the 6-5-4 Self-Shining "Stove Lusta," which will not wash off, is appplied like paint, "Eats Up" Rust, and is equally good for Gas Ranges, Farm Machinery, Stoves, Stove Pipe and Wire Screens. Keeps forever. 25c.

If your dealer hasnt it John Olewin has

THE LIVER QUARANTINE

"TAKING HIS MEALS OUT."

¶Hurried eating has ruined many a man's stomach. The digestion-destroying process is gradual, often unnoticed at first. But it is only a short time until the liver balks, the digestive organs give way, and almost countless ills assail the man who endeavors to economize time at the expense of his health.

¶A torpid liver causes a quarantine of the entire system. It locks in the diseased germs and body poisons and affords them full play, inviting some serious illness.

¶In families where August Flower is used, a sluggish liver and constipation are unknown, so are all stomach ailments, as well as indigestion, dyspepsia, heartburn, headaches and kidney and bladder affections. No well-regulated family should be without this standard remedy.

¶Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

S. Krumrine's

Prof. J. Angel.

Eyesight Specialist.

THURSDAY MORNING to FRIDAY NOON

Prof. Angel as an eyesight Specialist gives remarkabll results for weak eyes, Headache, Blurred visions, cross-eyes or Defective eyesight. Should any person doubt of the Statement, Prof. Angel is well able to give plenty of individual Testimonials of some of the best people of Bellefonte and Vicinity. Prof. Angel is trustworthy and reliable. If you wish to save your eyesight and money too, don't fail to call on Prof. Angel. All parents are advised to have their childrens eyes examined especially those that go to school. You will thereby make a good scholar and avoid suffering. At the Brockerhoff House Thursday morning to Friday noon August 9 and 10.

When you have a cold it is well to be very careful about using anything that will cause constipation. Be particularlarly careful about preprations containing opiates. Use Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar, which stops the cough and moves the bowels. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

—A specific for pain—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil, strongest, cheapest, liniment ever devised. A household remedy in America for 25 years.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers
The famous little pills.

Rheumatism is not incurable. Stubborn? Yes! But Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy will if faithfully used drive it out of the system. Its the blood that's at fault. Poisonous crystals like sand get into the joints and muscles. Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy prevents this. It drives Rheumatism from the blood and then rheumatism dies. We recommend and sell it.

Complexion Secrets.

To remove pimples, moth spots, sallowness, blotches, clear up the complexion and put the bloom of youth in the cheeks use Laxakola tablets, a positive cure for constipation, trial size, 5 cents, Sold by C. M. Parrish.

A bath cleanses the skin and rids the pores of refuse. A bath makes for better fellowship and citizenship. Not only should the outside of the body be cleansed, but occasional use of alaxative or cathartic opens the bowe's and clears the system of effetive matter. Best for this are DeWitts Little Early Risers. Pleasant little pills that do not grip or sicken. Sold by Greens pharmacy Co.

Clears Up The Complexion

Bright eyes a ruddy glow, and a complexion free from pimples, sallowness and moth spots, may be had by every woman who will use Laxakola tablets, a positive cure for chronic constipation, trial size 5 cents, Sold by C. M. Parish

When two strong men come to blows, even if they are well matched, it is not a pleasing sight, but if the man who gets the worst of it will use DeWitts Witch Hazel Salve, he will look better and feel better in short order. Be sure you get DeWitt's. Good for everything a salve is used for, including piles. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

When Other Medicines Have Failed take Foley's Kidney Cure. It has cured when everything else has disappointed Sold by C. M. Parish.

The Main Thing About Fire Insurance...

Is carrying a sufficient amount to really protect your property—for after a fire one can only accept the result.

Better see to it that you are fully insured and in a company celebrated for prompt payment of losses; a good reliable company the only kind represented by us.

Also represent The Preferred Accident Insurance Company of New York, who issue $5,000 Travel Policy at $12.00 per year

Harry E. Fenlon,

Office in Temple Court, Bellefonte, Pa.

Real Estate Bought and Sold.
RENTS COLLECTED

Bride of Few Months Drowned in Spring.

One of the saddest deaths is the history of Elysburg occurred late Tuesday afternoon of this week, when Mrs. Lee Knauffmann, wife of a prominent young farmer, fell into a spring in the cellar of her home and was drowned.

While attempting to get milk from a cooler kept in the spring Mrs. Knauffmann lost her balance and fell into the water She fell headforemost, and as the spring is deep and narrow it was impossible for her to extricate herself. When Knauffmann returned home he called to his wife and receiving no answer, began a search, which ended in the discovery of the body.

The deceased was a graduate of the Bloomsburg Normal and had been a school teacher. She was a bride of seven months and was 30 years of age.

"I had kidney trouble so bad that I could not work," say J. J. Cox of Valley View, Ky., "my feet were swollen to immense size and I was confined to my bed and physicians were unable to give me any relief. My doctor finally prescribed Foley's Kidney Cure which made a well man of me. Sold by C. M. Parish.

In these days of rush and hurry courtesy is often forgotten. In the mad, pell mell rush of our life little things are done to offend that we rather remained undone. A hastily eaten meal and its resultant headache may cause us social or financial loss The wise man or woman is the one who relieves little ills of this sort by a little dose of Kodol For Dysdepsia. It digests what you eat and puts your stomach back into shape. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

Avoid serious results of kidney or bladder disorders by using Foley's Kidney Cure Sold by C. M. Parish.

A Safe Headache Cure.

We ask our customers to try Ake-In the Head tablets for neuralgia and headaches with the understanding that you must get immediate relief or your money back. Safe, sure, and six cures for ten cents. Sold by C. M. Parish.

Think of Dr. Shoop's Catarrah Cure if your nose and throat discharges—if your breath is foul or feverish. It contains Oil of Eucalyptus, Thymol, Mentbol, etc., incorporated into an imported, creamlike petrolatum. It soothes, heals, purifies, controls. Calls at our store for free trial box. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

"I had kidney trouble fo years," writes Mrs. Raymond Conner of Shelton, Wash., "and the doctors could not help me. I tried Foley's Kidney Cure, and the very first dose gave me relef and I am now cured. I can not say too much for Foley's Kidney Cure Sold by C. M. Parish.

Piles positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment It's made for piles alone and it does the work to perfection. Itching, painful, protroding or blind piles, disappear like magic. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

Foley's Kiney Cure makes the diseased kidneys sound so they will eliminate the poisons from the blood. Sold by C. M.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates
For sale by C M Parrish.

—Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get Doan's Regulets. They operate easily, tone the stomach, cures constipation.

"Several years since my lungs were so badly affectd that I had many hemorrahages," writes A. M. Ake of Wood, Ind. "I took treatment with several physicians without any benefit. I then started to take Foley's Honey and Tar and my lungs are now as sound as a bullet. I recommend it in advance stages of lung trouble." Sold by C. M. Parish

—Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulets cure bilious attacks 25 cents at any drug store.

M. T. Lynch, Editor of the Philipsburg, N. J., Daily Post, wries: "I have used many kinds of medicines for coughs and colds in my family but never anything so good as Foley's Honey and Tar. I cannot say too much in praise of it. Sold by C. M. Parish.

No one would buy a sailboat with sails that could not be referd. There is always that posibility of a little too much wind that makes a cautious man afraid to go unprovided. The thinkikg man, whose stomach sometimes goes back on him, provides for his stomach by Keeping a bottle of Kodol For Dyspepsia within reach. Kodol digests what you eat and restores the stomach to the condition to properly perform its functions. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co

Orino Laxative Fruit Syrup is sold under a positve guarantee to cure constipation, sick headache, stomach trouble, or any form of indigestion. If it fails, the manufacturers refund your money. What more can any one do. Sold by C. M. Parish.

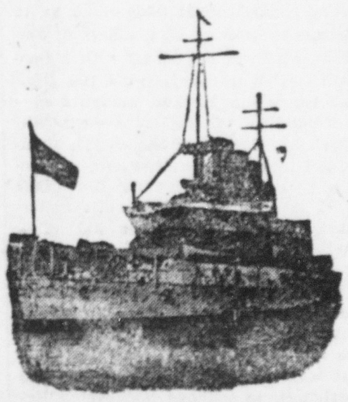
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Oyster Bay Naval Review

REAR ADMIRAL EVANS.

THE great naval review by President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay on Sept. 3 promises to be the most imposing display of the kind ever seen in American waters. Never before has the United States been prepared to make such an extensive show of fighting ships. Though the navy is not yet up to the standard advocated by those who believe that in a greater navy lies the best guarantee of peace, it has grown rapidly in recent years and now makes a much better showing as compared with the fleets of other powers than could be made in 1898, when we won from Spain our signal victories upon the sea. The rendezvous at Oyster Bay will afford those who witness the review the opportunity to see the most notable part of Uncle Sam's present sea fighting forces. When the president reviews the great naval parade from the deck of the Mayflower, there will pass in line before him twelve battleships, four armored cruisers, four coast defense ironclads, four protected cruisers, six torpedo boat destroyers, six torpedo boats, two submarines and a troopship, altogether forty-five vessels. On board these ships will be 812 officers and 15,235 men, and the fighting power of the vessels is expressed in the fact that they will possess 1,178 guns of all classes, some of those on the big battleships being of wonderful carrying power.

It is an interesting coincidence that the Mayflower, from which President Roosevelt will review this imposing assemblage of vessels of war, was used last summer for the transportation of the peace envoys who brought the Russo-Japanese war to an end at Portsmouth. It was President Roosevelt who got the envoys together, and the historic craft is thus associated with what has been considered one of the president's most notable achievements.



REAR ADMIRAL EVANS' FLAGSHIP, THE MAINE.

The chief command of the Atlantic fleet, as the assemblage of vessels at Oyster Bay is to be known, devolves upon Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, better known as "Fighting Bob," and his flagship is the new battleship Maine, named, of course, in honor of the ship which was blown up in Havana harbor. This adds another historic link to the associations of the event. Admiral Evans is one of the most popular officers in the navy, and his flagship, though not so powerful an engine of war as some of the battleships built since it came from the shipyards, is yet one of the finest vessels in the fleet. It was laid down in Philadelphia in 1890, has a displacement of 13,500 tons, is 393 feet in length, has armor of steel eleven inches thick above the water line, has four twelve-inch guns, sixteen six-inch guns and others smaller. Among the other battleships to be in line are the Virginia, Rhode Island and New Jersey, each of 15,320 tons, and the Louisiana, which was launched about a year ago and is one of the biggest ships of our navy, having a tonnage of 17,600. The weight of its armor and ammunition is 1,536 tons.

Long Island sound is an ideal place for a naval review, as the waters are deep, it is not subject to heavy seas, the shores on each side are of much beauty, and craft of all kinds ply constantly over the smooth surface, carrying, in case of such an event as this, thousands of persons from neighboring cities. There have been several naval reviews in or near the waters of New York within a few years past, but none on such a scale as this. It is expected that the assemblage this year at Oyster Bay will result in increased interest throughout the land in the vessels of war which are ready to defend American rights in all parts of the world and place on a higher plane in the affections of the people the gallant men who stand behind the guns.

Foreign naval experts are awaiting with interest the demonstration the American navy is to make and many of them will be present upon the occasion of the review.

On the Lookout.

Towne—Whenever you hear a politician declare that "every man has his price" you may rest assured that he's one of them. Browne—Not necessarily. He may simply be calling attention to the fact that he hasn't got his yet.—Philadelphia Press.

LONG TAILED FOWLS.

A Curious Breed Grown In Tosca, Japan.

The Japanese are fond of producing things that look different from members of the same family as grown in other parts of the world. They are famous for their dwarf trees, and among other unusual products are their long tailed fowls. Roosters with tails nearly twenty feet in length are no very unusual sight at Tosca, in the land of the mikado. The origin of this breed of fowls is not known, but it is believed to date back at least a hundred years. The present grade of fowls has been produced simply by selection from the best specimens of other years. The variety most prized is the Haku, which is white in color, with yellow legs. The tail of a cock of this breed sometimes reaches a length of about eighteen feet,

THE LONG TAILED FOWLS OF TOSCA, JAPAN.

but the usual length is from seven to eleven feet. The tail feathers grow about four inches a month, and this growth is continued during the life of the bird, whose term of existence averages from eight to nine years. The body feathers are beautiful and valuable and from the shoulder grow to a length of about four feet. They sometimes fall away, but the tail feathers remain. An unusually feathery bird will have as many as twenty-four tail feathers. The average number is sixteen, and they are not bound up, but are allowed to hang free.

These valuable fowls are not permitted to wander at will about the fields or the chicken yard. If they did they might spoil their feathers. They are kept in high, narrow cages, quite dark except close to the top, as light at the bottom would attract the birds to the ground. The fowls sit all day on their perches and are only taken out of the cage once in two days. They are then allowed to walk about for a half hour or so, and while they promenade a man holds their tails to prevent the latter becoming torn or soiled. For their splendid feathers the cocks are valued at from $15 to $25 each. Hens bring about $1.50 each. The birds are fed on hulled rice and greens.

Evidence.

"What makes you so sure Bliggins is a college man? He never quotes from the classics."

"No. But he knows every technicality that pertains to athletics."—Washington Star.

YOUR PLAYMATES.

Some "Don'ts" That Every Boy Should Always Bear In Mind.

Don't snub a boy because he wears shabby clothes. When Edison, the inventor, first entered Boston, he wore a pair of yellow linen breeches in the depth of winter.

Don't snub a boy because of the ignorance of his parents. Shakespeare, the world's poet, was the son of a man who was unable to write his own name.

Don't snub a boy because his home is plain and unpretending. Abraham Lincoln's early home was a plain and unpretending log cabin.

Don't snub a boy because he chooses a humble trade. The author of "Pilgrim's Progress" was a tinker.

Don't snub a boy because of his physical disability. Milton was blind.

Don't snub a boy because of dullness in his lesson. Hogarth, the celebrated painter and engraver, was a stupid boy at his books.

Don't snub a boy because he stutters. Demosthenes, the great orator of Greece, overcame a harsh and stammering voice.

Don't snub him for any reason, not only because he may some day outstrip you in the race of life, but because it is neither kind nor right.

Changed.

Nagsby—You're naturally pessimistic. I don't think I ever saw you look cheerful. Carsby—Ah, that's easily explained! Nagsby—How so? Carsby—You didn't know me before I was married!—Illustrated Bits.

Matrimony.

Matrimony resembles a pair of shears, so joined that they cannot be separated, often moving in opposite directions, yet always punishing any one who comes between them.—S. Smith.

Reunion of Bucktails September 14 and 15.

The survivors of the First Rifle regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, known as the original Bucktails, propose to make their twentieth annual reunion a memorable event. It will be held at Driftwood, Cameron county, on Friday and Saturday, September 14 and 15 Of the 236 surviving Bucktails, who are scattered throughout the length and breadth of the United States, it is expected that 100 will attend. Their families and honorary members of the association who will accompany them will probably swell the total number of those attending the convention to about 500. The program is very elaborate.

The adoption of the buck's tail as an emblem made the regiment famous at once, but the sturdy sons of Northern Pennsylvania won distinction early in the war as good shoots and brave fighters. The rebels knew and feared the onslaught of the Bucktails

During the war the regiment had five colonels commanding at different times one of whom was Charles Frederick Taylor of Kennett Square, a brother of Bayard Taylor. Colonel Taylor met his death while leading his men over Round Top, Gettysburg, and it is said was the youngest colonel to ever meet death in the service of the United States. When shot down he was a little over 32 years of age. He had entered the regiment as an officer of one of the companies and had steadily been promoted for bravery and efficiency until he became its head.

As an illustration of the desperate fighting the "Bucktails" did: out of 1,165 men who enlisted the total killed wounded and captured during the conflict was 843.

Col E. A. Irvin, treasurer of the association, is the only surviving line officer of the regiment

Honor and Credit to the Man Who Works.

The man in overalls with his spade working on the section may be poor, as far as his bank account is concerned, but he is doing his best to support a good wife and happy children, rather than to see her wash for food and raiment. Such a man is worth a regiment of those good-for-nothing nonenities who do nothing but sit around and polish the caboose of their pants, while their father, "the old man," foots the bill. When the righteous judgment of a merciful God passes sentence upon mankind, we believe that the man who "does something" will find favor in heaven's court regardless of fact or creed, over the useless carcass of humanity that has never learned the first principle of that eternal edict that followed man's expulsion from the garden of Eden.—Ex.

Correction of an Oversight.

In the mention of generous gifts to the Y. M. C. yesterday, by an oversight the name of Mrs. Thomas Hayes was not mentioned. She has been associated with her husband not only in the $500 gift mentioned yesterday, but also in the gift of $1900 previously made toward the building. However the personal work of the doctor and his wife has meant much to the Y. M. C. this year.

A further correction of yesterdays Y. M. C. article should be made, where it was stated that the printed report for the year would show a goodly number of subscriptions of the $1000 class, $100 class was intended.

Good for the cough, removes the cold, the cause of the cough. Thats the work of Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar the original laxative cough syrup. Contains no opiates. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.

The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	14	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first inser on.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per lin efor each insertion unless otherwise agreed. by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisements at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

KARLE C. TUTEN.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Governor.
Edwin S. Stuart.
Philadelphia.

Lieutenant Governor.
Robert S. Murphy,
Johnstown.

Secretary of Internal Affairs.
Henry Houck,
Lebanon.

Auditor General.
Robert K. Young.
Tioga.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

Congress,
CHAS. F. BARCLAY,
of Cameron County.
Senate,
Henry C. Quigley. Bellefonte.
Subject to the action of Conferees.
Assembly
C. T. Fryberger.
Philipsburg.
Jury Commissioner.
Clement H. Gramley.
Miles Twp.

All America has suddenly been divided into two classes, those who do and those who do not take to spelling reform.

May be Candidate Emery will discuss the issues of the campaign later on when he takes the stump.

It is almost as dangerons to be in the vicinity of a Russian of prominence as it is to be in the vicinity of a full-grown earthquake.

Business is still booming throughout the United States, and a vast majority of the people are busy making money without regard to politics, foreign revolutions or spelling reform.

The Johnstown Democrat has tried the new spelling, but it is not given out whether Brother Bailey wishes to live in an embassy or merely wants a job in one of the departments

A very large sized boom awaits Charles E. Hughes on his return from abroad, but that gentleman hesitates as much about picking it up as if it had the short u pronunciation.

Mr. Emery did not have the courage to either repudiate or endorse the Democratic platform. The people of Pennsylvania expect their governor to be made of sterner stuff than all that.

The state of Kansas reports enough money in bank to give every man, woman and child $100. "Bleeding Kansas" used to be the designation. Some of the hard-up campaign managers might find the state good bleeding.

The declaration of candidate Emery that the history of the Republican party for the past forty years is a history of crime and infamy is an insult to every one of the citizens of this great commonwealth that has during that time voted the Republican ticket. The truth is that the history of the Republican party for the last half century is the history of the State. To this maligned party is due its unparalleled greatness and prosperity. And what other state is there in the union that excels it in these? And yet this man claims to be a Republican! But it is all explained when the company he is in is considered.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

The Republican party never entered a campaign in Pennsylvania under more favorable auspices than the present and, judging from reports from headquarters at Philadelphia everything is now in readiness for a vigorous and spirited canvass of every county of the commonwealth in the interest of the ticket. Not for a long while has the party had such a strong and popular ticket as in the present campaign. Stuart, Murphy and Houck are a trio of "vote getters" such as have not appeared together on a ticket in this state for many years. They are popular and will prove to be great vote getters because of their personal worth and integrity as men. Their nomination has spiked the guns of the opposition. Of extraordinary significance is the fact that in none of the speeches of the opposition delivered at the notification meeting in Pittsburg is there to be found a word derogatory to either of the Republican candidates. In fact Judge Gordon was frank enough to say that the Republican ticket is "composed of gentlemen of unimpeachable personal character."

The present campaign will not be one of hysteria. Sensation, which was the feature of last year's campaign, has been eliminated, and the Republican party, which a year ago was unjustly made the victim of hysteria and sensationalism, this year stands before the people, on its own strength and its record. It goes before the people with a record of genuine reforms accomplished, appealing to their common sense. Mr. Emery in his long tirade on matters of ancient history, is entirely behind the times. While he has been sleeping, vast changes have been taking place and reforms have been made. Laws have been enacted making political corruption practically impossible, giving the people absolute control of their elections and paving the way for the control of the corporations in the interests of the public.

Mr. Stuart and his colleagues, do not, like their opponents, offer themselves as apostles of purity, while all the rest of creation is vile and corrupt, but during the campaign they will meet their fellow citizens face to face in every county in the state and assure them of their intention to faithfully and conscientiously carry out every pledge made by the Republican platform, which as Judge Gordon said in Pittsburg "is in the main unexceptionable." The past achievements of the Republican party, the prosperity of the present, and its promise for the future, all demand that Pennsylvania Republicans undivided and undaunted shall this year stand firmly beside the traditions and glorious history of its past and rebuke its clamorous, disorganized and disgruntled foes.

Of Interest to Academy Patrons

The arrangement for the young ladies to use the room adjoining the main primary room as their assembly and study hall in no way changes the plan of instruction for many years in vogue at the Academy.

While Miss Overton will have the supervision of the order and study in the young ladies room, she will manage the main primary department at the same time confinning her instruction entirely to the boys and girls of the primary and lower intermediate grades as formerly. She will be assisted as in past years by two competent assistants. The folding doors which separate the two rooms referred to will be kept open. The intermediate grades will receive instruction from the several teachers in the Academic department. The work room in the middle section of the Academy will be used this year as a primary class room.

J. R. HUGHES.

Pennsy's Mail Flyer Breaks Speed Record.

It was announced at Pittsburg Sunday that train No. 11, the St. Louis mail on the Pennsylvania railroad, Sunday broke all records for fast time on the middle division. The run from Harrisburg to Altoona, 132 miles, was covered in 119 minutes

The train was delayed by connections on the New York and Philadelphia divisions, and left Harrisburg forty minutes late. Instructions were given to make up the time and the race was on.

On arriving at Altoona it was found the best previous record, 125 minutes, had been beaten by six minutes. Pennsylvania Limited makes this same run regularly in 195 minutes.

THAT PLEDGE TO BRYAN

Emery Campaign Orator Guarantees Defeat of Republican Congressmen.

DEMOCRATIC GAME IN FUSION

Gubernatorial Contest a Side Issue to Elect Members of Congress to Support Bryanite Program.

[Special Correspondence.]

Philadelphia, September 4.

Manufacturers and business men of this city have been sitting up and taking notice since that demonstration in New York over the home-coming of William Jennings Bryan.

That pledge to Bryan that Pennsylvania will show a gain of at least eight Democratic congressmen in the returns of the November election, made by one of the campaign orators in the Emery gubernatorial outfit, has opened the eyes of Pennsylvania Republicans to the dangers that lurk in the fusion movement in this state.

The loss of one Republican congressman in the Keystone state, the Gibraltar of Republicanism, with the uncertainty that exists in so many congressional districts in doubtful or debatable states, means much more in the total result than is generally understood. One vote may decide the election of the speaker of the next national house of representatives, and the Democrats may get that vote from Pennsylvania through the game that is being worked in the deal between the Democrats and the Lincolnites.

President Roosevelt, in his recent utterances in letters to members of congress and others, has sounded the alarm, and has warned Republicans everywhere to be on their guard in every congressional district so as to insure the election of members of congress, who will co-operate with his administration in carrying out the great policies which he has inaugurated—the building of the transcontinental canal, the control of the trusts, abolition of freight discriminations, restriction of immigration and the other great problems which he has undertaken to solve with the aid of a friendly congress.

Aim of the Bryanites.

When several hundred Pennsylvania Democrats journeyed to New York last week to greet Bryan they had but one thought uppermost in their minds.

It was the election of Bryan to the presidency to succeed Roosevelt. Every effort that they can put forth between now and the next presidential campaign will be directed toward that end. Their activity in the state campaign in Pennsylvania this year is but part of a general scheme, with the election of the next president as its ultimate object.

Carried away with the enthusiasm with which their surroundings filled them, the Pennsylvania Democratic contingent at the Bryan reception indiscreetly revealed the cloven foot in the fusion campaign for Emery for governor.

John M. Garman, a former chairman of the Democratic state committee of Pennsylvania, who is booked to stump the state for Emery and fusion from now until election day in the Victoria hotel, New York, away from the environment of his Emery Lincolnite fellow campaigners, threw off the cloak of the fusion conspiracy and revealed to Bryan and to the world, unwittingly, the fact that the real aim of the Democracy in Pennsylvania this fall is the election of Democratic members of congress.

Garman was spokesman for the delegation of Pennsylvanians who presented Bryan with a solid-silver shield, suitably inscribed and mounted upon a heavy old-oak escutcheon, and gaily decorated with flowers.

A Significant Testimonial.

Engraved in large script letters was the following inscription:

"The more than half a million Democrats of Pennsylvania join with pride in the national greeting

To

"WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,

"The most eminent private citizen of America, upon his return from a tour of foreign lands.

"THEY HAIL HIM AS THE NEXT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

"As an indication of the attitude of the organized Democracy of the Keystone state upon this issue, they point with gratification to the unanimous adoption by the Democratic state convention, held in Harrisburg June 27, 1906, of a platform, the most noteworthy plank of which reads as follows:

"We congratulate the country upon the fact that the only prominence which the present Republican national administration has attained has been achieved by feeble and pretended application of the principles enunciated by the

"HON. WM. JENNINGS BRYAN,

"The Great Democratic Commoner.

"Who is now regarded as the certain successor of Theodore Roosevelt to the presidency."

The above reproduction from the platform adopted by the Democratic convention which nominated Emery for governor should in itself be an admonition to Republicans of the Keystone state of the great danger to the future success of Republicanism in the nation that would follow a defeat of the Republican ticket in this state this fall. They should recall how, after the two Democratic victories in gubernatorial campaigns in this state in the last 20 years the Democracy triumphed in the nation with the election of Grover Cleveland to the presidency upon each occasion.

Pledge to Their Leader.

But, added to the warning that should be contained in that plank from the state platform, comes a speech by Garman in presenting this token of esteem to Bryan.

Said Garman to the Nebraskan leader:

"We bring greetings from a united Democracy, who recognize in the demonstration of popular good will toward you an inspiration for every Democrat to look with confidence to the future.

"We at the same time are not unmindful of the importance of the election of Democrats to congress, and there is every reason to believe that we shall gain from six to eight pepresentatives to the lower house, who will co-operate with their fellow Democrats of other states to advance the policies which you have so consistently and ably championed."

There is evidence that there has been an awakening among Republicans throughout the commonwealth to the fact that nothing must be left undone to thwart the Democrats and their Lincolnite allies in the state campaign.

APPREHENSION INCREASES

Rebellious Spirit In Cuba Still On the Increase.

Havana, Sept. 5—As days and weeks pass with no appreciable diminution of the revolution apprehension increases. The most conservative testimony from the country districts of the provinces of Pinar del Rio, Havana and aSnta Clara is to the effect that two-thirds of the people in the country and small towns of these provinces are insurgents in sentiment if not in fact. It is generally believed that the government ultimately will subdue the insurrection, but in the meanwhile the crops cannot be developed, and it is a grave question whether the rebellious spirit even then can be actually quelled to the extent of restoring the country to a normal self-governing status. The realization of this is the cause of the renewal of efforts for the restoration of peace.

American planters and farmers in the western provinces are suffering no attack by insurgents, who on the contrary are evincing a friendly spirit. A government decree authorizes the appropriation of horses, but does not permit the taking of animals owned by foreigners unless they are in imminent danger of falling into the hands of the insurgents.

THE SHERIDAN A TOTAL LOSS

Wrecking Apparatus Sent to Transport Which Hangs On Hawaiian Reef.

Washington, Sept. 5.—A dispatch received at the office of the quartermaster general of the army confirms the reports from Honolulu that the transport Sheridan practically will be a total loss. All of the personal property has been removed from the troop ship, and she is now waiting for the arrival of the wrecking apparatus from San Francisco, which will be used in an effort to save her engines, boilers and other movable equipment.

The war department has been informed that unless bad weather from the south sets in the Sheridan will remain in her present position without further damage for an indefinite period. Since the second day of her perilous situation there has been practically no bumping or jarring, so firmly has she settled upon the rocks.

NEW YORK'S MURDER MYSTERY

Killing of Italian Resembles Famous Barrel Case.

New York, Sept. 5.—The body of an Italian with a number of stab wounds in the neck and breast was found in a section of woods near Jamaica, L. I. There was no sign of a weapon and no trace of a struggle. The police decided after a careful study that the murder resembled in many respects the famous barrel mystery and others that have followed it. In each of these cases, and in this one, the victim, after the murder, was carried from the scene of the crime and the body disposed of in some lonely spot. Each of the victims were of Italian birth and death had been caused by stabbing.

The victim of the crime, like most of the others, is unknown. The body is that of a man about 42 years old and apparently a laborer.

SEEK TO EXCLUDE JOHN D.

Motion to Quash Information Against Him In Oil Trust Case.

Findlay, O., Sept. 5.—A hearing on motion to quash the information filed against John D. Rockefeller as the responsible head of the Standard Oil company by Prosecuter David was heard in Probate Judge Banker's court. Virgil P. Cline represented the Standard Oil company, and the gist of his arguments was that the Standard Oil company could be criminally prosecuted only under an indictment found by a regularly constituted grand jury. Prosecutor David and his partner, George H. Phelps, argued in support of the informations. Judge Banker reserved his decision. A trial will follow should the court sustain the informations.

Outing of Messiah Sunday School of Snow Shoe.

The Messiahs Sunday School of Snow Shoe picniced on Wednesday 29th of August at the beautiful summit of the Allegheny Mountains known as Rhoads station, Pennsylvania Railroad twenty one hundred feet above sea level. There they enjoyed the beautiful sunshine and cool mountain breeze drinking from that beautiful mountain spring of pure water of which it is famous. At eleven o'clock dinner was announced, the table groaning under its load of good things to replenish the inner man prepared by the willing hands of our dear wives, widows, old maids and sweethearts. After being filled to our utmost capacity with spring chicken, roast beef, pie and cake and last but not least rye bread and baked beans a luxury not often seen at a Sunday School picnic prepared by the hands of those estimable ladies Mrs. R. S. Malone and Mrs. J. I. Yarnell. Those people evidently know what kind of grub to prepare that will stick to the ribs and make you laugh and grow fat. After dinner some gathered black berries, some elder berries and the older folks amused themselves by passing jokes and telling what their fathers and mothers done away back in the forties. The younger folks amused themselves by playing base ball, kiss in the ring or outside the loveing which ever is most convenient. Five o'clock arrived and supper was announced. Fortunately for Leslie and Earl they were in time for supper as they came near missing their dinner from some cause unknown to the writer, let that be as it may they did justice to the rye bread and baked beans for supper. After supper was over and the fragments were gathered for the chickens at home, who were lucky enough not to have their heads severed for the occasion, while for the 6:20 p. m. train, we were entertained by that estimable lady Mrs. J. W. Shope who recited a poem with as much vigor as though she had just passed her 15th birthday, followed by that jovial whole-souled track foreman, Mr. R S Malone, Aivie Shope and Master Paul Schuchart, son of Rev. Schuchart. Train arriving closed the days outing, everybody wearing a smile wishing they may live many more years to enjoy more picnics of the kind. We were sorry that some of the school children were deprived of the outing on account of that dreadful disease diptheria breaking out in the family just a few days prior to the picnic. We hope for their speedy recovery.

We take this method of returning our sincere thanks to Mr. Joseph L. Reece and family for their kindness and hospitality shown us on this occasion

Star Magazine for September.

Williamsport is justly proud of a monthly illustrated family magazine, such as the Star Magazine, published by Hugh B. Fiedler, youngest magazine publisher in the state. The September number is now out. It is so full of literary matter and high grade illustrations as to make it worthy of being in every family where the mails reach.

Among the numerous attractive features of the September issue is "The Treasurer of Ju-Ju," by Captain A. Herbert Bowers, British army officer. It is a tale of experience in the jungles of South ern Africa. This is only one of the numerous features. "The Point of View," gives one woman's opinion of women. "The Latest in Dress" interests every reading woman in the land. Fact, fiction, humor, music and all that pleases a reading public is found beneath the covers of this issue. Ten cents buy this 100-page magazine, finely printed, with colored cover.

Epworthians Take Notice.

Thursday evening of this week the Epworth League will give its members a moon-light straw ride and corn roast at the home of Mrs. Chas. Rockey, Zion. The party will meet in the lecture room of the church and leave for Zion at seven fifteen. All members desiring to attend must notify the committee not later than Wednesday night.

SIDNEY KEEFER.
C. C. SHUEY.
GRACE BLACKFORD.

ANNIVERSARY OF A UNIQUE INSTITUTION

Students of the International Correspondence Schools to Join in a Big Celebration.

Students of the International Correspondence Schools in and around Bellefonte are much interested in the celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the Schools, which is to be held in Scranton, Pennsylvania, on October 17, and which it is likely some local student will attend.

It has been nearly 15 years since Thomas J. Foster, then editor of a newspaper in Shenandoah, Pennsylvania, introduced a method of teaching through the mails by means of special homestudy textbooks and a system of direction and correction of students' work, the object of which was to enable the coal miners of Pennsylvania to pass the required examination for mine foreman. Although the enterprise was of great interest in the mining communities, not even the founder then dreamed that his plan was the creation of a new educational system that was to turn the world into a vast class room and afford the means by which practical, money earning knowledge in almost every line could be carried to the thousands that could not give up work or leave home to secure education.

The International Correspondence Schools now have more than two hundred Courses of instruction, covering almost every branch of instruction, covering almost every branch of nearly all of the well-known trades and professions. Up to the present time, 75,000 students have either completed the Courses for which they enrolled or substantial portions thereof; 225,000 other students have completed the study of mathematical, physical, and drawing subjects. One hundred and fifty-three railroads, including some of the largest systems in the world, have made contracts with the Schools for the instruction of their engineers, firemen, machinists, inspectors, and other employes.

The wide-spread practical results of the work of this great "homestudy" university is demonstrated by the fact that during the last 12 months upwards of 4,000 reports of increased salary or advancement in position have been received from students.

The foregoing figures are all the more wonderful when it is remembered that the largest number of students graduated by any one American resident school is 28,000 and this is the record of Harvard University, an institution more than 200 years old. The International Correspondence Schools are filling a great need that before was not met by any educational system.

The many thousands that have been enabled to change to congenial or more remunerative occupations or that have been otherwise benefited by this wonderful system of education naturally feel a deep sense of gratitude to the man whose genius created and developed the International Correspondence Schools and who is still the active head of the work. As a fitting tribute, a great celebration has been planned for the 16th of October, 1906, the day on which 15 years ago the first student was enrolled. Hundreds of I. C. S. students and many persons of national prominence in educational work will be in Scranton on that day.

The first student enrolled—then a common laborer, now a mine superintendent—is expected to be present, as are also representative students in architecture, civil, electrical, mechanical, and steam engineering, drafting, chemistry, commerce, etc. Few of these have ever seen their teachers or the magnificent buildings and system of the Schools at Scranton. The event will not only be a notable one as a testimonial to the founder, but will also be of great interest to visiting students.

The day will be taken up with appropriate exercises and an interesting exhibit of the Schools at work preparing and printing homestudy textbooks and correcting the recitations of students sent in from every part of the civilized world. A banquet to the guests will be given by by the Schools in the evening.

The line of black goods both in heavy and light weight fabrics are beautiful

GARMANS.

33rd . . .
Encampment and Exhibition
of the
Patrons of Husbandry of Central Penn'a
Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa,
September 15 to 21, Inclusive

Encampment opens September 15
Exhibition opens Monday, Sept. 17

The largest and best fair in Central Pennsylvania, by farmers and for farmers. Twenty-eight acres devoted to camping and exhibition purposes. Ample tent accommodations for all desiring to camp.

A large display of farm stock and poultry, farm implements, fruits, cereals, and overy production of farm and garden.

The Penn'a State College will make a large display of the work of the College and State Experiment Station.

ADMISSION FREE

George Dale
J. S. Dauberman
Geo. Gingrich
G. L. Goodhart

LEONARD RHONE,
Chairman

CORRESPONDENCE.

Millheim.

Quite a number of people left for Atlantic City on Thursday morning and among the number was A F. Harter and son.

Isaac Shuver the popular and well known landlord of the National was called to Snyder county to attend the funeral of a relative.

Michael Lamey of Penn street put down a very much needed new walk along his residence

Michael Feidler and Jonathan Harter put down a cement crossing at the alley between their resp ctive res'dences.

J. P. Smith of Lock Haven registered at the National on Wednesday.

The cattle sale of G. S. Skeen of Westchester on last Saturday was well attended and fair prices were realized

G. H. Bell and wife of Lewistown was in town a few days ago.

D. I Neiman, the clothier is back from the eastern cities and is receiving the largest stock of clothing, shoes, ladies goods &c. ever brought to this town.

Isaac Smith of Spring Mills and one of the staunch Republicans in that section attended the cattle sale last Saturday.

George Miller a veteran of the late war was in town recently.

Mrs. Sarah Brides of Clinton Iowa, and Mrs. Frank Hazlett of Luzerne county are the guests at the home of S. R. King on Main street.

Mrs. Laura Luse and James Luse of Williamsport were guests at the home of Dennis Luse on Main street.

D. B. Tate an employee, and manager W. M. Mallalieu of the Pennsylvania Telephone Co., was in town this week.

A. S. Baker of Lewistown shook hands with his friends here this week.

Frank Rohland, Jersey Shore; I. N. Cessma, Altoona; B. F. Hackenberg, C. W. Haslett of Mifflinburg; W. E. Reitz, Sunbury; J. W. Davidson, of Philadelphia and J. F. Herman, travelling salesmen called on the trade this week.

Mrs. D. W. Glover nee Miss Grace Stizer of Mifflinburg is the guest of Miss Jennie Reifsnyder for a few days.

Mrs. Flora Royer of Jeanette after a few weeks visit here left for home on last Monday.

Henry Miller, J. O and Frank Housemen are painting the barn of Mr. Mench near town.

H. H. Weaver the well known whiskey distiller of Elizabethville interviewed the property of the National hotel this week.

Milesburg.

Mrs. Sarah Crain is visiting her son Ed of Bellefonte.

William Potter and wife of Philadelphia arrived home and are guests of his parents. They will take a trip to France for the purpose of painting sceneries of that country.

Miss Eva Hill of Houtzdale is a guest of John Sliker and family.

Mrs. Nancy Potts of Chicago arrived on Saturday to visit her sister Mrs. Joseph L. Thomas.

Miss Eleanor Garbrick of Pittsburg is a guest of her aunt Mrs. Marcel la Thomas.

Lee Green of Indiana is visiting his family.

Mr. Pierce of Williamsport is a guest of Rev. M. C. Piper.

Wm. Baird of Juniata Sundayed with his parents.

Mrs. Reddinger and daughter of Sunbury, J. W. Parsons of Lindsey and J. B. Shope and wife of Cato were recent guests of Ed Bullock and wife.

Mrs. Margaret Fulton left for a ten days visit with her son McClellan of Tyrone.

Misses Iva Meyers and Stella Weaver returned home after a pleasant visit with friends in Unionville.

Miss Esther Armstrong of Mill Hall is a guest of her aunt Mrs. Wm. B. Grafmyre.

Joseph Grafmyre of Martinsburg returned home for a short season.

Wm. H. Campbell died very suddenly on Wednesday the 29th of heart and kidney trouble. He was 58 years of age and is survived by a wife and one son, also two sisters, Mrs. Luther Thorpe of Yarnell and Mrs. John Zimmerman.

Frank and Thomas Campbell of Renova Sundayed with their parents.

Simon Neyhart and wife returned home from Johnstown after visiting their sons.

T. C. Sprankle and family attended the Williams re-union at Martha on Saturday.

The Misses Potters, three daughters of John F. Potter arrived home from State Asylum of Pittsburg where they are employed as nurses, for a visit with their parents,

Sam'l Bowmaster of Beech Creek was visible on our streets after visiting his son George of Unionville who is an invalid.

Mrs Thomas Johnson and Mrs. Ed T. Johnson are visiting friends at Howard.

Joseph Williams and wife of Williamsport after visiting William Walker and wife returned home.

James Starrette, wife, with Misses Weaver and McLaughlin Sundayed at Penn Cave.

State College.

Miss Ruth Gobeen of Tyrone and Mrs. John Glenn of Altoona, visited at the home of W. S. Bailey during the last week.

Mrs. Jno. W. Stuart went to Atlantic City on Thursday to see her son Will (familiarly known as Chauncy Bill) who has been ill with kidney trouble. We hope she will find him greatly improved and on the road to good health again.

I. C. Holmes met with a very painful accident at the Woodmen picnic Thursday. A glancing ball striking him on the nose and breaking it.

The Woodmen picnic proved to be quite a success. Everybody who could possibly go from the College was there and all claimed they had a good time. Bellefonte was invited but as usual the turnout was small.

Mase Eisenschmidt, one of Philadelphia expert tonsorialists has been engazed to assist in Graham's Shaving parlor. It will be worth your while when at the College to slip in and see the leading barber shop of Centre Co.

Demer Pearce returned from his business trip to New York Saturday. Now look out for all the late ideas as Demer was after them.

Prof. Frizelle and wife have returned to the college after spending vacation and there honeymoon among the New England towns.

Prof. Espenshade and wife after a year in Europe are shaking hands with old friends and glad to be at old State again.

Ole Glenn and family of Pittsburg is at the home of his father Dr. W. S. Glenn to attend the wedding of his sister Thursday.

L. D Fry went to Philadelphia Thursday with his father who had an operation performed on his eye. A telegram stated the operation was a success and Mr. Fry was getting along nicely.

Moshannon.

Miss Elizabeth Fleming, of Cherry Tree, stopped for a short visit with friends here on her way to Morrisdale Mines, where she will teach this winter.

Mrs. Styers, of Patton, paid a visit to her parents here during the past week.

The "Roast" on last Tuesday night was a complete success. It was to be a "Corn Roast" but owing to a scarcity of corn the people got roasted instead.

John Leeder, now working near Glen Union, Sundayed with his family here.

Morris Gleason, made a business trip to Armstrong County, this week to look after a large coal deal in that locality.

Miss Maud Rankin is home again after a few days visit with friends on the "Cooper Side."

Simeon Hazzard, was missed from our community a few days of this week on a trip—"over the mountain."

Miss Amanda Lucas, of Altoona, is spending a few days at her home here, accompanied by her friend Miss Bressler, of the same place.

Miss Mary Conley, one of Bellefonte's popular young ladies is spending a short vacation with friends in our town.

Albert Lucas, tripped this week to Tioga County, to visit friends and look after his future interests.

Paul McGowan of Clearfield, made a short visit to her home here recently.

Mrs. C. C. Lucas, and daughter Miriam of Howard, were guests at Lucas' this week.

Mrs. Chas. Edell, of Peale, spent the greatest part of a day at her father's home here.

Miss Minnie McGowan one of our accomplished young ladies, now a stenographer in Pittsburg, enjoyed a short vacation with her friends here and Mt. Carmel, recently.

Chas. Weaver, is again circulating among friends here.

Miss Gertrude Franks, of Philipsburg was the guest of Miss Bertha Lucas this week.

Lawyer Johnston and wife of Bellefonte, Sundayed with friends in our community.

The district schools will open here on Monday, Sept. 10. A good attendance is expected.

C. T. Lucas is thinking of entering the ministry, or are his trips to the preacher's house for some other purpose,

An interesting and enjoyable social event took place at the home of J. G. Lucas, on Saturday night, in the form of a surprise party held in the honor of their charming daughter Amanda. The number of guests would probably number thirty nine or thereabouts. After many amusing games and several selections from the Graphophone, given by Prof. Chas. Lucas, the guests were invited to a well laden table with most exquisite refreshments. The hour of twelve arrived all too soon and reminded all that the time for departure was at hand.

A porch party was held at the residence of John F. Lucas, on Tuesday evening. All present apparently, had a delightful time and eagerly look forward to the next thing on the program.

Miss Anna Runner, of Ailport, was a visitor at Robt. Reiter's a few days of the past weak.

A festival will be held by the members of the M. E. Church, in the near future. Boys, make preparations for this occasion.

Snow Shoe.

Roland Shope is in town again.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Brumn have returned to their home in Curwensville after a few weeks visit at the home of C. J. Harm.

Miss Flora Penny left Monday for Patton where she expects to teach this winter.

J. Durham transacted business in Bellefonte this week.

Miss Annie G. Healy employed at Hienz & Co. establishment at Pittsburg is circulating among her many friends.

Miss Sue Curry of Bellefonte is visiting Miss Anna Redding.

The Shope—Lebkicher camping party have returned home after several weeks stay on the mountains and report having a good time.

C. W. Lucas and friend Miss Brown of Wayne are spending several days at the home of his sister Mrs. Neff.

J. K. Johnston and wife of Bellefonte visited friends in this section.

Miss Anderson of Bellwood is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Reese.

Richard Burns of Pittsburg was in town last week.

Miss Effie Budinger has returned home after an extended visit through the western part of the state.

Miss Louisa Burns returned home last week from Pittsburg where she has been working for the past year.

A stabbing affray occured at Clarence on Monday between several Italians. The would be murderer was finally captured by David Chambers and Ed Haye, on his person were found 2 knifes and a revolver.

W. S. Buddingers house is fast nearing completion.

The homes of Mrs. Mattie Walker and L. M. Kelley were struck by a cold bolt of lightning on Sunday night.

What have you to say about it Pouch?

The annual picnic of St. Mary's Catholic church held at the Snow Shoe Driving Park on Labor Day Sept. 3rd proved a grand success. It being a fine day, there was quite a number of people in attendance from neighboring towns, Beech Creek and Orvis help swell the crowd by bringing all their base ball enthusiasts along One of the attractions of the day was the base ball contest between Beech Creek and Orvis at 11 a. m. and Snow Shoe and Orvis at 2:30 p. m. The score being as follows:

Beech Creek—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 –0
Orvis—1 0 0 0 0 0 0 –1

SNOW SHOE.					ORVIS.				
Burns, 1b.	0	r.	1	h.	9 o.	1 e	Hebley	3b	1r 0h 2o 1e
Wade, 2b,	0	"	2	"	3 "	1 "	Stover	2	" 1 " 1 " 3 " 0 "
Otto, 3b	0	"	1	"	2 "	1 "	Elder	lf	0 " 1 " 2 " 1 "
Quick, c.	1	"	2	"	11 "	1 "	Fravel	c	0 " 0 " 11 " 0 "
Fargan cf	1	"	1	"	2 "	1 "	High	rf	1 " 1 " 2 " 1 "
Cameron lf	0	"	1	"	2 "	2 "	Yeager	cf	0 " 0 " 4 " 1 "
Thompson rf	0	"	2	"	2 "	0 "	Wellers	p	0 " 0 " 1 " 1 "
McGority ss	0	"	1	"	2 "	1 "	Johnson	1b	0 " 1 " 9 " 3 "
Gilliland p	0	"	1	"	3 "	1 "	Gillespie	ss	0 " 0 " 2 " 2 "
Totals	2r.		1h.		36o.	8e	Totals		3 4 36 10

Snow Shoe—0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 –2
Orvis—0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 –3

Fowler.

Quite a few of our folks attended the Williams reunion

Miss Ruth Lego has returned home after spending a week with friends in Tyrone.

Miss Nora Guyer and gentleman friend from Altoona are spending a few days with friends at Mill Hall.

Mr. and Mrs Ernest Moore, of Julian, Sundayed with the laters parents Mr. and Mrs. Gus Nearhoff.

Andrew Nearhoof and W. W. Laird, Sundayed with friends at Black Oak.

M. L. Woomer and family of Tyrone Sundayed with friends.

Misses Cora Guyer and Miss Ida Shires spent a day with Mrs. Wilson Laird.

Mrs. Wm. Lego and two children spent Sunday at the home of Mr. Geo. Gates.

Misses Jessie Marks and Edith Newman of Port Matilda, spent a few days at the home of H. R. Newman.

Mrs. James Rourabaugh and children of Tyrone spent a few days with her sisters.

Mrs. Ada Lewis is entertaining friends from Altoona.

Wm. Fink is moving to this place.

Next Monday our schools open for the term of seven months.

There will be a picnic at Hannah on September 15th. All are invited.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register Earle C. Tuten.

John B. Kottcamp Bessie B. Glenn	York State College
Paul Rothenberg Marie Etters	Snow Shoe "
Franklin S. Long Addie R Wagner	Elwood Spring Mills
Ammon M. Breon Hattie T. Deabler	Penn Twp "
Alfred L. Albright Bertha M. Tressler	Spring Mills State College
John H. Fisk Myrtle B. Stover	Bellefonte Axe Mann
Milson Davis Flora Little	Snow Shoe "
Edward A. Gross Elizabeth Ickhoff	Bellefonte "
Herbert Auman Viola E. Jones	Bellefonte "

Their is a fascination about big profits to a business man. But the conservative and cautious trader prefers to have the lesser per cent. of interest and the larger per cent. of safety in his investments. There is no busines man who would not consider it a sound propositeon to invest in an enterprese in which absolute loss was impossible and which offered ninety-eight chances in a hundred of a rich profit. The satisics of cures effected by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery show that ninety-eight per cent. of cases of "weak lungs" can be absolutely cured. Almost if not all forms of physical weakness may be traced to starvation. Starvation saps the strength. The body is just as much starved when the stomach cannot extract nutrition from the food it recieves as when there no food. "Weak lungs," bronchial affections, obstinate coughs, call for nourishment. "Golden Medical Discovery" supplies that nonishment in its most condensed and assimilable form. It makes "weak lungs" strong by strengthening the stomach and organs of digestion which digest and distribute the food, and by increasing the supply of pure blood.

Generous Gifts to the Local Young Men's Christian Association.

In response to a letter written by Dr. Thomas R. Hayes to J. Gilbert White, of New York city has sent his check for $1000 toward reducing the mortgage on the local Y. M. C. A. property. Mr. White had previously given $500.00 toward the erection of the Association building and this second very generous gift, is an excellent example to local men of means, who are interested in the welfare of Bellefonte's young men.

Mr. Whites' gift comes as the result of an effort for $6127 00 that was launched some time ago under the efficient leadership of Dr. Thomas R. Hayes. The amount mentioned was to pay the current expense of the association to January 1st 1907; pay an outstanding indebtedness of $2300; furnish the new building; cover necessary repairs to the brick office building, stable, etc., and reduce the mortgage from $6000 to $5000. Toward this special amount besides Mr. Whites' gift the Board of Directors as individuals subscribed $1025.00 and four $500 00 subscriptions were received from the friends whose names follow Gen. and Mrs. J. A. Beaver, Dr. Thomas Hayes, Mrs. M. H. Wilson, William Humes and Miss Humes.

When the annual report is printed credit will be given to all contributors and will show a goodly number of subscriptions of the $100.00 class as well as $50, $40, $30, $5 and less.

The goal of $6,127 is lacking now by only about $600 so a few more generous gifts will place the local association on par with many city associations.

Since the new building was opened it has been the policy of the association to first of all pay outstanding obligations and monthly bills promptly, and for this reason the furnishing of the building has been necessarily delayed.

As practically all outstanding amounts have been cared for, attention is now being given to the selection of furnishings. That these may be purchased on a cash basis it is desired that the friends who have made subscriptions will hand the cash to Treasurer Darius Waite or General Secretary C. U. Meserve as soon as possible.

The Association has a membership of over 300 and many other young men are being, and will be benefited by the privileges offered, by what it is expected will remain one of Bellefontes most popular organizations.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder John C. Rowe.

Deed Susan Woodle to Cyrus T. Hall, premises in Philipsburg, consideration $1400.

Samuel Foreman et al to Jas. C. Foreman, June 5 1906, lot in Rush twp, consideration $1.00

George Williams et al to Dallie Eisenhaver, two lots in Rush twp; consideration $600.

James Passmore et ux to Philipsburg Brewing Co., lot in Philipsburg; consideration $2,500.

William J. Singer et al to Edward B. Robb, March 8 1906, land in Curtin twp; consideration 280.

Frank S. Grow et ux to Julia Tate, Aug 14 1906, premises in Bellefonte; consideration $800.

Harry Bickle et ux to Howard A. Scholl, July 21 906, premises in Union twp; consideration $450.

Mildred M. Prince et bor to William W. Prince, Aug 15 1906, 140 acres in Taylor twp; consideration $800.

John Larson et ux to Mary Niedrich, Aug 25 1906, 3 6-10 acres in Rush twp; consideration $500.

LOST—Between the Brant House and Armory, a child's red cape. finder please return to this office.

Money Saved is Money made

Reduced in price—horse sheets, lap spreads and fly nets—for the next thirty days. We have determined to clean up our summer goods, if you are in the market for this class of goods you can't do better than call and supply your wants at this store.

SINGLE and DOUBLE DRIVING HARNESS

in the county and at prices to suit the buyer. If you do not have one of our

HAND MADE SINGLE HARNESS

you have missed a good thing. We are making a special effort to supply you with a harness that you may have no concern about any parts breaking. These harness are made from select oak stock, with a high-grade workmanship, and

A GUARANTEE FOR TEN YEARS

with each set of harness. We have on hand a fine lot of single harness ranging in price from $13.50 to $25.00.

We carry a large line of oil, axle grease, whips, brushes, currycombs, sponges, and every thing you need about a horse.

We will take pleasure in showing you, our good whether you buy or not. Give us a call and see for yourself.

Yours Respectfully,

JAMES SCHOFIELD,

Spring Street, BELLEFONTE.

Marriage Record to Be Kept by the State.

Hereafter a record of every marriage license issued in this county will be forwarded to the state department of health and placed on file. There are about 60 000 matrimonial privileges granted in the state every year and it is the purpose of the State Health Commissioner Samuel G. Dixon to have the department of health bureau of statistics to take notice of this important happening in the lives of men and women. It is expected that the systematicaly kept record will gather from the resulting statistics certain facts that will be interesting and instructive to future generations.

The data to be compiled will show at what age men in Pennsylvania are accustomed to take unto themselves wives; at what period in life our women most frequently consent to join their fortunes to another in matrimony; a comparison between the ages at which the native American and the foreignborn citizen of this country or state marry, and the various pursuits in life in which men marry at an earlier age.

Do men and women who live in rural districts of the state marry as a rule earlier or later in life than the city bred? Pennsylvania marriage statistics will answer the question.

In addition to all this, the marriage records that Health Commissioner Dixon will collect will be of very great value from a legal aspect Such authentic records will be called upon in the collection of evidence in settling estates. These facts and others will be secured from the records that will come in to the department of health from day to day from all over the state. The records of marriage sent to the department of health are collected by the department representatives from the various clerks of courts and contain all the information required in the usual marriage license.

All the items except the date of ceremony, the place of the ceremony and the person who performed it are produced from the court records. The balance is taken from the return which must necessarily be made, made by the officiating clergyman, magistrate or or justice of the peace.

Miss Schidu (Skidoo) to Give Party to 23.

Miss Margaret Schidu of Cleveland has sent out invitations to 23 girl friends for a party, in honor of her 23rd birthday, for the 23rd of September, at her home, 23 East Twenty-third street. She says it will be a "skidoo" party.

"People have joked with my name so much that I am going to have some fun myself," said Miss Schidu. "There will be 23 candles on the birthday cake, souvenir cards lettered 23 will be given to 23 guests, an orchestra of 23 pieces will play behind a bank of 23 palms. In the evening, at my uncle's farm, which contains 23 and a fraction acres, there will be dancing, with 23 numbers on the program."

—George C. K. Sample, Railroad Evangelist working under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. State committee will visit many of the Associations of the state during the fall and winter. It will be the purpose of Mr. Samples visitations to strengthen the local religious work of the organizations. In connection with the work of the Bellefonte Y. M. C. A. Mr. Sample will conduct special evangelistic meetings daily from September 23rd to October 6th. Most of these meetings will be held at the Y. M. C. A building but it is hoped that cottage meetings may also be held in industrial neighborhood. On Thursday evening of this week with the evangelistic effort in view, a special meeting of christian men will be held at the Y. M. C. A. building for conference and prayer.

In Next Sunday's World.

The first instalment of a powerful new novel will appear, "The House of Defence," by E. F. Benson, author of "Dodo," &c. This will be the fifth in the Sunday World's series of new and original novels, especially written by twelve famous authors for publication in the Sunday World. Order the Sunday World in advance from your newsdealer.

Sampson's Two Sons at Annapolis.

Annapolis, Md., Sept. 5.—The second son of the late Rear Admiral Sampson, U. S. N., to enter the present fourth class at the naval academy has been sworn in. He is Harold B. Sampson, and he was appointed by Senator Depew. His brother, Ralph Sampson, entered the same class several weeks ago.

Panama Deputy Murdered.

Panama, Sept. 5.—Deputy Demetrio Quintero was murdered here. He had interfered to protect his brother from an assault and was wounded five times, his injuries resulting in death. The national assembly has decreed a period of mourning. The funeral of the deputy will be an impressive affair.

Killed In Quarrel Over Fight.

Lockport, N. Y., Sept. 5.—As the result of a quarrel caused by a dispute over the Gans-Nelson fight, Joseph Lynch, 28 years old, was kicked on the head and killed, it is alleged, by a companion with whom he had been drinking. John Condery, 40 years old, is under arrest charged with the murder. The tragedy took place at a hotel about a mile west of Gasport.

For the Children

To succeed these days you must have plenty of grit, courage, strength. How is it with the children? Are they thin, pale, delicate? Do not forget Ayer's Sarsaparilla. You know it makes the blood pure and rich, and builds up the general health in every way.

The children cannot possibly have good health unless the bowels are in proper condition. A sluggish liver gives a coated tongue, bad breath, constipated bowels. Correct all these by giving small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills. All vegetable, sugar-coated.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR. AGUE CURE. CHERRY PECTORAL.

How to be Popular.

If you are a woman and wish to be popular with women, never tell them the truth. Tell them something pleasant. They will think you are charming and will desire to meet you again.

The woman who hides her intelligence under guileless questions will find herself admired and sought by men, but despised and avoided by women.

A woman who is popular with men is rarely liked by women. She is generally a clever actress and her sister women see through her.

When a woman finds all else fails in her efforts to attract and hold a man, she appeals to his strength. Unless he is strong, that generally fetches him.

As long as men have faults women will condone them, men will have faults—and longer.

Unclaimed Letters

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte P. O. uncalled for September 3rd 1906.

W. D. Beaver, Usula Carr, J. Condo, Estella Funk, Haurburg Amusement Co., Geo. W. Mason, Sallie D. Wright.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Deborah D. Mitchell late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

Letters of administration in the above estate having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them without delay to

J. Thomas Mitchell.

Aug. 23-6t. Bellefonte, Pa.,

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Joseph Bierly, late of Miles township, deceased.

Letters of administration in the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make payment and all persons having claims or demands against said estate are requested to present same without delay to.

W. C Bierly, Adm'r.

Aug. 23-6t. Millmont, Union, Co. Pa.

Administrators Notice.

Estate of Edward Beckwith, late of Taylor township.

Letters of Administration in the above estate having been to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present them without delay to

VINTON BECKWITH,

Aug. 2-6t Hannah, Pa.

DUFF'S COLLEGE

A High Grade Commercial and Shorthand Training School, qualifying young men and women for the positions of trust and responsibility demanded in this great Financial and Manufacturing Center. Positions secured for graduates. Write for Circulars, Pittsburg, Pa.

—The Lock Haven State Normal School closed the most successful year in its history. Its new catalogue containing 122 pages, beautifully illustrated, is now ready for distribution. This is one of the great schools of our state and affords the best available advantages for the training of teachers, fitting for College or Business Its departments of Music and Elocution are also largely patronized and thoroughly equipped. The fall term begins September 10th. Address for catalogue, the Principal, J. R. Flickinger. Lock Haven, Pa. 8 8 4t

TO REPUBLICANS:

We are anxious to have every Republican in close touch, and working in harmony with the Republican National Congressional Committee in favor of the election of a Republican Congress.

The Congressional campaign must be based on the administrative and legislative record of the party, and, that being so, Theodore Roosevelt's personality must be a central figure and his achievements a central thought in the campaign.

We desire to maintain the work of this campaign with popular subscriptions of One Dollar each from Republicans. To each subscriber we will send the Republican National Campaign Text Book and all documents issued by the Committee.

Help us achieve a great victory.

JAMES S. SHERMAN, Chairman.

P O. Box 2063, New York.

JOINS INDEPENDENTS

Iowa Democratic National Committeeman Resigns.

ATTACKS THE EXECUTIVE BODY

Declares in Letter That Corporations Rule the Party, and Objects to Violation of Precedent in Naming officers.

Ottumwa, Ia., Sept. 3.—Charles A. Walsh, who was secretary of the Democratic national committee during the two Bryan campaigns, has resigned as the Iowa member of the committee in a letter to Thomas Taggart, the chairman, in which he says:

"Permit me to herewith hand you, as chairman of the Democratic national committee, my resignation as a member thereof, representing the state of Iowa thereon.

"For the future I intend to be in position to support, or not support, as I may see fit, the candidates of the Democratic party.

"While I have heretofore always been known as a partisan Democrat, and will always be a staunch supporter of Democratic principles, as I understand them, it has been steadily borne in upon me for a long time, as I came closer and closer to a knowledge of the inner workings of the party system, that, from the standpoint of true Democracy there can be nothing worse or more injurious to the country than the 'yellow-dog' party feeling that impels good men to support a ticket of unfit nominees merely because they bear the party label.

"Within the Democratic party, as within the Republican, there are two contending factions, the vastly more numerous, but during ordinary times the least influential, being the great rank and file. The other faction, numerically insignificant, but representing the predatory forces of special privilege and those who seek to use all government as an asset to their private business, is, by reason of wealth and lack of conscience in using it, vastly more powerful and usually controls the party plan, its organization and its nominees.

"As an instance of how important the corporation element believes control of machinery to be, I might mention the flagrant violation of all party precedent in the appointment of the present Democratic national executive committee. An executive committee was made up carefully limited to seven members, and those seven members were William F. Sheehan, chairman, of New York city; August Belmont, of New York city; James Smith, Jr., of New Jersey; Thomas F. Martin, of Virginia; James M. Guffey, of Pennsylvania; John R. McLean, of Ohio and the city of Washington, and Timothy E. Ryan, of Wisconsin. The first four mentioned were not and are not members of the national committee.

"Indeed, the only member of the Democratic national executive committee not known as a special representative of that corporation class which is constantly seeking special privilege of city, state or national government, is the last-named member, Mr. Ryan. And the only reason for the selection of the latter over Roger C. Sullivan, the undoubted political representative of the gas traction and other corporations of Chicago, was a family row then on between two Illinois factions.

"In addition to this, precedent was again violated by the dictated election of De Lancey Nicoll, also of New York city, as vice chairman of the national committee, instead of some member of that committee, while George Peabody, of New York city, and late treasurer of the Palmer and Bucknell national committee, was made the treasurer of the committee.

"I do you the credit, Mr. Chairman, to think that you personally did not select this committee or these officers. They were forced upon you and dictated to you. But how deplorable the weakness that would submit to such dictation.

"The complete lack of confidence on the part of the Democratic masses in the party itself when officered by such men was not only shown in the election of 1904, but was reflected in the action of Mr. Bryan when he objected to being received by corporation or trust representatives in New York, and in Illinois has demanded the retirement of Roger Sullivan from the national committee.

"Intending in the future to ally myself with any movement looking to the cultivation of independent action along the lines of principle among all the people, I cannot in honor or justice to [illegible] continue to take part as a member of the organization, in the Democratic councils, and I, therefore, return my commission, perhaps with regret that I should deem it necessary, but certainly not with any weakness of resolution."

REFORM REACHES CHINA

Emperor Promises the People a Constitutional Government.

Pekin, Sept. 3.—The emperor has issued an edict promising constitutional government when the people are fitted for it. The edict cites the fact that traveling commissioners report that the cause of China's weakness is antagonism between the rulers and the ruled, and promises administrative and financial reforms. When these are accomplished and the people have been educated to understand their relations to the government, a constitution will be framed.

REVIEWS WARSHIPS

President Roosevelt's Programme for Inspecting Great Fleet.

New York, Sept. 3.—Today, Labor Day, probably the greatest assemblage of war vessels in the history of the western hemisphere was reviewed by President Roosevelt in the waters of Long Island Sound off Oyster Bay. It the fleet were the newest and best of the vessels of the American navy, including all that is most efficient in the various classes of battleships, cruisers torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers and submarines. In the fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Evans, there were 15,000 men to cheer President Roosevelt as the Mayflower steamed through the lines or warships. The following is the program:

8 a. m.—Ships full dress.

10.45 a. m.—Mayflower with president leaves anchorage.

11 a. m.—Mayflower reaches head of column.

12 m.—Mayflower anchors.

12.05 p. m.—Commander-in-chief visits Mayflower.

12.10 p. m.—Squadron and division commanders shove off for Mayflower.

12.15 p. m.—Commanding officers shove off for Mayflower.

1 p. m.—Reception on board the Mayflower.

2.15 p. m.—Flag and commanding officers return to their ships.

2.30 p. m.—President visits Maine Alabama, West Virginia in succession and perhaps other ships.

8 p. m.—Ships illuminate.

When the review is over the ships will proceed to different stations, according to previous assignment.

At the close of the review there will be a reception on the Mayflower, at which the president will greet the commanders of the ships.

BRYAN STARTS FOR HOME

Says Reception Shows Change In Sentiment On Economic Questions.

New York, Sept. 3.—Escorted by the Nebraska "Home Folks," more than 100 strong, William J. Bryan started on the home stretch of his progress around the world in a special train of five cars over the Lehigh Valley railroad.

On the way over the river in the ferryboat, Mr. Bryan smilingly said in the course of an interview: "Speaking from a personal standpoint, the receptions accorded to me were very gratifying. Speaking from a political standpoint, I think that they showed a marked change in public sentiment along the lines of economic questions especially those questions relating to the trust issue. The one unpleasant feature about the receptions is that I have been so busy speaking and going from place to place, that I have not had time to shake hands with all those who had come great distances."

BURIED BOY ALIVE

Sixteen-year-old Chicago Lad Confesses Shocking Crime.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Robert Gordon, 16 years old, confessed that he struck Joseph Reed, 8 years old, with a brick, stunning him, and then buried him alive beneath a sidewalk in front of his father's home, 2877 Archer avenue. The boy's body was found where Gordon said he had buried it, and Gordon was arrested.

The absence of the Reed boy was noticed about 3 in the afternoon, and search was begun for him. Gordon led the elder Reed through the neighborhood for several hours and then took him to where the body was buried and assisted in digging it up. When taken to a police station Gordon confessed that he enticed the boy to the basement of the Reed home and mistreated him. When Reed attempted to escape, Gordon struck him on the head with a brick. He then buried him alive under the sidewalk. The Reed and the Gordon families live near one another, and have been friends for several years.

Whose Say-so is Best?

With nearly all medicines put up for sale through druggists, one has to take the maker's say-so alone as to their curative value. Of course, such testimony is not that of a disinterested party and accordingly is not to be given the same credit as if written from disinterested motives. Dr. Pierce's medicines, however, form a single and therefore striking exception to this rule. Their claims to the confidence of invalids does not rest solely upon their makers' say-so or praise. Their ingredients are matters of public knowledge, being printed on each separate bottle wrapper. Thus invalid sufferers are taken into Dr. Pierce's full confidence. Scores of leading medical men have written enough to fill volumes in praise of the curative value of the several ingredients entering into these well-known medicines.

Amongst these writers we find such medical lights as Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennet Medical College, Chicago; Prof. Hale, of the same city; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati, Ohio; Dr. Grover Coe, of New York; Dr. Barthelow, of Jefferson Medical College, of Pa., and scores of others equally eminent.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the worst cases of female weakness, prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion and corrects irregularities, cures painful periods, dries up disagreeable and weakening drains, sometimes known as pelvic catarrh and a multitude of other diseases peculiar to women. Bear in mind, it is not a patent nor even a secret medicine, but the "Favorite Prescription" of a regularly educated physician, of large experience in the cure of woman's peculiar ailments, who frankly and confidingly takes his patients into his full confidence by telling them just what his "Prescription" is composed of. Of no other medicine put up for woman's special maladies and sold through druggists, can it be said that the maker is not afraid to deal thus frankly, openly and honorably, by letting every patient using the same know exactly what she is taking.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is guarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

How to preserve health and beauty is told in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is *free*. For a paper-covered copy send Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps to cover mailing *only*; in cloth binding 31 stamps.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure constipation.

2 STATE POLICE KILLED

Penn. Constabulary in Bloody Battle With Foreigners at Florence, Pa.

FOUR WOUNDED, ONE FATALLY

Murderers, Supposed to Be Members of the Black Hand, Are Surrounded In a House, and More Bloodshed Is Expected.

Punxsutawney, Pa., Sept. 3.—In a bloody battle between foreigners and the 21 members of Troop D, State Constabulary, in which fully 500 shots were fired, two troopers were killed and one fatally wounded, while three other persons received bullet wounds. The murderers are now surrounded in a house at the Florence mine, seven miles from here. Further loss of life is feared, for the besieged Italians are well supplied with arms and ammunition.

The dead are: Private John Henry, of Philadelphia; Private Francis Zehringer, of Conshohocken.

Fatally injured: Private Homer C. Chambers, of Rochester, Pa.

The others wounded are: Private William A. Mullen, of Harrisburg, shot through the foot; First Seargeant Joseph Logan, of Dubois, shot through the leg; George Felitzsky, aged 12 years, son of Steve Felitzsky, a miner, shot in the leg.

The trouble began when Sergeant Logan went to Florence to search for Leopold Scarlat, who is charged with shooting his brother-in-law, Bruno Trazzone, on Friday night. Logan was in Dr. Bodenhorn's office, when Salvatore Waltzoch, who is said to be one of the most desperate members of the Black Hand, started to fight with a countryman in front of the house where Waltzoch boards. When Logan placed Waltzoch under arrest the latter invited him into the boarding house to prove his good character. Logan had scarcely passed the door when one of the Italians in the house made a lunge at him with a stiletto, the weapon passing between his arm and body. Logan retreated, but before he got 15 feet from the building an Italian opened fire on him with a magazine shotgun. Logan returned the fire, and the two men emptied their weapons at each other. Logan got one buckshot wound in the foot, and the desperado was seen to fall back into the house, perhaps fatally wounded. Logan, by inquiring of the residents, learned that he had a Black Hand man to deal with. He then telephoned to the barracks at this place, and a detachment of five privates was detailed by Lieutenant Egle to go to his assistance. When the detachment arrived Private John Henry immediately started for the house, but when about 20 feet from it was shot down. Chambers and Mullen, in attempting the rescue of their companion, were both shot down before they reached him. A telephone call was then sent for in for the entire force and 15 additional troopers were hurried to the scene. When the second detachment arrived, and while 12 of the constabulary kept firing into the windows and front doors, six policemen made a rush for the side door, which they battered in. Three of the officers, Zehringer, Gross and Cummings, dashed up the stairs, but were confronted by three of the desperadoes, who opened fire. Zehringer fell at the first volley, but the two other men escaped. Quick as a flash the gang closed the door, and there is little doubt that Zehringer was killed, as several shots were fired inside immediately after the door was closed. Realizing that lives were being sacrificed uselessly and the storm and darkness being on, the troopers sent for carbines and prepared to keep the house surrounded.

The wildest excitement prevails in Punxsutawney and nearby towns. Fifteen troopers and several policemen, together with many citizens, heavily armed, are on guard. Sixteen Italians board in the besieged house, but it is not known how many are inside or the number implicated in the shooting. The position of the watchers is a perilous one, as there are many treacherous members of the Black Hand in and about Florence and the surrounding mines.

He Was at Church.

Saunders, the village slater, was a very poor attender at the church. One day the minister met him and said:

"Come, now, Saunders, why is it you are never at church nowadays?"

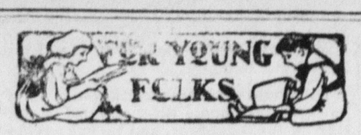
"Never at the kirk?" replied Saunders. "Ye're quite wrang there, sir. I spent the hale o' last week on the tap o't."—Glasgow Times.

This Was In 1806.

Says the London Times of May, 1806: "A decently dressed woman was last night brought out into Smithfield for sale, but the brutal conduct of the bidders induced the man who was, or pretended to be, her husband, to refuse to sell her; on which a scene of riot and confusion highly disgraceful to our police took place."

The Maneuvering Mamma.

"The maneuvering mamma" is practically extinct. The modern daughter has an almost free hand in managing her love transactions. The mere love marriage, which was so disturbing a thought to the mother of even twenty years ago, is seldom heard of in Mayfair in these altered circumstances, says the London Graphic.



ELEPHANTS.

In Olden Times These Big Animals Were Used In War.

The circus elephant is almost as old as the world, for the ancient Romans had an eye to business as well as our own circus men. Trained elephants performed during the Roman gladiatorial fights, just as the clowns do in our circuses during the intermission.

But the elephant is also spoken of in the history of the Bible. King Lysias of Syria in 163 B. C. led 120,000 men and thirty-two war trained elephants against Judas of Maccabee and won the battle. Eleahar, the brother of Judas, killed one of these elephants, but

AN ELEPHANT BRIDGE.

was himself buried and crushed to death underneath the colossal body of the animal as it fell.

Elephants were also found in the army of Hannibal when he made war upon the Romans in 219 B. C. The trunk, head and neck of this animal are most easily hurt, and therefore Hannibal had iron coats made for them which covered these parts. Alexander the Great was known to have used elephants as bridge supports during his wars and, as you can see from the picture, crossed his soldiers over them.

There is a case on record where an elephant was taught to walk over a tight rope in a Roman circus, which is something that our modern circus trainers have not yet been able to do with their animals.

JUDGE UPHOLDS BOYCOTT

Injunction Against a Washington Bakers' Union Dissolved.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The rights of labor unions and their sympathizers to call on their friends to withhold patronage from a non-union tradesman, was recognized as not being illegal by Justice Stafford in the District supreme court.

In making this decision Justice Stafford dismissed the temporary injunction against the Bakery and Confectionery Workers' International Union, which had been obtained by John Bender, a baker, who alleged that he was being harrassed by means of a systematic boycott.

Justice Stafford said that the principle involved was the right of the individual liberty both of the complainant and the defendant, and that, therefore, so long as all parties concerned were left free to follow their own choice as they decided their self-interest dictated, there was no infringement on the personal liberty of any one.

The court referred to the existence of a combination, but said that its purpose was not divulged. "Therefore," he said, "no other rational explanation of the conduct of the defendants can be found than that they have combined to demonstrate to Bender that he cannot conduct a profitable business with non-union help, and thereby compel him to employ union men. The court held that such a combination was lawful.

Caught Japanese Seal Poachers.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The department of commerce and labor received a dispatch from the government agent at Valdez, Alaska, saying that it was reported there that the steamer Dora was expected with five Japanese on board, supposed to have been arrested at St. George's Island for poaching. A dispatch was sent from the department to the agent at Valdez in return directing him to telegraph further information. The last raid was made at St. Paul's Island.

Fatal Fight at Camp Meeting.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 3.—Telephone messages from Wilmer say that in a fight at a Holiness camp meeting Richard Spalding insulted Miss Clara Cornman and he was fatally stabbed by the girl's brother, Newton Cornman. Frank Coyle attempted to separate the combatants, and he also was fatally stabbed by Cornman. The clothing of Dr. Thomas Martin, who attempted to separate the men, was slashed by Cornman. Newton and Sherman Cornman were arrested.

Mine Cave-In Imprisons Twelve.

May King, Ky., Sept. 3.—By a cave in 12 miners were imprisened in the Mud Lick mines. It is believed that two of them are dead, and little hope is entertained that the others will survive, as it will require 24 hours to remove the fallen dirt. A large force of rescuers is at work.

Snow In New Hampshire.

Mount Washington, N. H., Sept. 1.—There was a light fall of snow at the summit of Mount Washington, the first since the early days of June. All day the weather has been cold, with light winds, the temperature going as low as 32 degrees and never rising above 42 degrees.

THE STRAP CLIMBERS.

One Way In Which Two Boys May Mount a Tree or Pole.

Strap climbing or rope climbing is an interesting feat, but it is twice as novel and just as easy when two boys do it at the same time. It is not well to go too far from the ground in this, or, for that matter, in any other climbing feat. Go just far enough to show that you can do it, although it is perfectly safe as long as the directions are followed.

Get a strap or a piece of rope about eight feet long. Pass it around the ob-

THE STRAP CLIMBERS GOING UP.

ject, pole or tree you wish to climb, and tie or buckle the ends securely together. Now two boys get inside the rope, it pressing against their backs at the waist and bracing their feet against the tree or pole, and, leaning back against the rope, walk right up the pole, as the illustration shows. The secret of the whole thing is to keep step, or, rather, keep step with alternate feet. While one boy raises his right foot, the other boy advances his left foot, both keeping time. It is really very simple, perfectly safe, and it looks like a difficult circus feat. Remember two things—do not climb too high, and be very sure that the rope is strong and well knotted.

HOT AND COLD WATER.

How to Use These Remedies to the Best Advantage.

Hot or cold water is excellent as an application for inflammation, congestions or abrasions, but how many people know which to apply in particular cases while awaiting the arrival of medical relief? Not many, and the mistakes made in some instances are ludicrous.

Take the barber, for example, who has cut his patron's face. He generally washes the face with a towel soaked in warm water, often pressing it right into the injury, and then wonders why the blood flows from the cut so freely. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred if he had used cold water, and the colder the better, the blood would have ceased to flow from the injury altogether, as the cold would have a tendency to contract the openings in the torn blood vessels. In all cases of such cuts or abrasions very cold water will at least reduce the amount of bleeding if it doesn't stop it altogether, and yet, singularly enough, boiling water will have the same effect.

Water below the boiling point increases the flow, but above that degree decreases it. In surface inflammations or congestions cold water ought to be used, while if the condition is situated below the surface hot water is necessary as an application because it draws the blood toward the surface and thus stimulates the circulation through the part where it is most needed.

In cases of abscesses or pimples with pus forming in them, but which have not yet come to a head, the secretion of pus can be rapidly increased and the duration of the annoyance thereby decreased by applying hot water to them at frequent intervals.

Where the eye is inflamed or smarts, after a period of eye strain, such as night work often induces, hot applications are the things for relief, but the water used should be gradually allowed to cool off toward the end. Tired eyes will invariably be rejuvenated by adopting this method of treatment, and many headaches resulting from such a condition may thereby be prevented or cured.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Strong Point.

Senior Partner—There's one thing to be said in favor of classical music. Junior Partner—What is that? Senior Partner—The office boy can't whistle it.—Chicago News.

Foley's Honey and tar is peculiarly adapted for chronic throat troubles and will positively cure bronchitis, hoarseness and all bronchial diseases. Refuse substitute. Sold by C. M. Parish.

Mr. Parish has been recommending this grand dyspepsia remedy for nearly two years now, and from actual experience knows there is no other remedy so sure to relieve sour stomach, bad taste in the month, coated tongue palpitation sleeplessness, wind belching, and other distressing symptoms of indigestion. And Pepsikola Tablets must cure you or there is nothing to pay. They will renew your energy, steady your nerves, regulate the action of your heart, improve your appetite, put new life in your stomach and will do more to tone up and improve your general health than anything you ever heard of.

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For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take on other kind.

If all dyspepsia sufferrs knew what Dr. Shoop's Restorative would do for them. Dyspepsia would practically be a disease of the past. Dr. Shoop's Restorative reaches stomach troubles by its direct tonic action udon the inside nerves—the true stomach nerves. Stomach distress or weakness, fullnes bloating, belching, etc. Call for the Restorative. We recommend and sell Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

PILES Rudy's Pile Suppository. A cure guaranteed if you use it. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 23 years, I have found no remedy its equal yours." Prove, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Bellefonte by C. M. Parrish. Call for free sample.

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Gives Health to the Sick and Strength to the Weak.
Bottles only. $1.00 Size holding 2½ times the trial size, which sells for 50c.
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD

Schedule in effect January 1, 1906.

Trains arrive at and depart from BELLEFONTE as follows:—

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.25 a m, arrive at Tyrone 10.40 a m, at Altoona 12.55 p m, at Pittsburg 5.30 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.40 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.10 p m at Altoona 2.58 p m, at Pittsburg 6.35 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.43 p m, arrive at Tyrone 5.55 p m, at Altoona 6.35 p m, at Pittsburg 10.25 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,

Leave Bellefonte 9.25 a m, arrive at Tyrone 10.40, at Harrisburg 2.35 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.40 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.10 p m, at Harrisburg 6.35 p m, at Philadelphia 10.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.43 p m, arrive at Tyrone 5.55 p m, at Harrisburg 10.10 p m, at Philadelphia 4.23 a m.

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.23 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, at Buffalo 7.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward

Leave Bellefonte 9.25 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.20 a m, leave Williamsport 12.35 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.20 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.23 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, leave Williamsport 2.55 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8 15 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.17 a m

Via Lewisburg

Leave Bellefonte at 8.25 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 8 50 a m, Montandon 9.10 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.16 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 1.50 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.20 p.m., at Montandon 4.30 p. m., at Harrisburg 7.00 pm, Philadelphia at 10.47 pm

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

W. W. ATTERBURY, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Manager

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, May 29th, 1905 trains will run as follows from P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
1† Acom.	3† Exp.	5† Mail.		2† Mail.	4† Exp.	6 Acom.
A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Lv. Ar.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
6 30	10 15	3 00	Bellefonte	8 50	12 50	6 30
6 35	10 20	3 07	Coleville	8 46	12 40	6 10
f6 38	10 23	3 12	Morris	f8 37	f12 37	6 07
f6 43	f10 27	3 17	Stevens	f8 35	f12 35	6 03
			Lime Centre			
f6 46	f10 30	3 21	Hun'rs Park	f8 31	12 31	6 00
f6 50	f10 34	3 26	Fillmore	f8 28	f12 28	5 55
f6 55	f10 40	3 32	Briarly	f8 24	f12 24	5 50
7 00	10 45	3 35	Waddles	8 20	12 20	5 45
f7 12	f10 57	3 50	Krumrine	f8 07	f12 07	5 27
7 25	11 10	4 05	State College	8 00	12 00	5 20
f7 27		4 10	Strubles	f7 45		4 39
f7 31		4 15	Bloomsdorf	f7 40		4 28
7 35		4 20	P. G. Mills	7 35		4 20

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

fStop on flag

†Daily except Sunday

F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.			Nov. 28, 1904.	READ UP	
No. 1	No. 5	No. 3		No. 6	No. 4
a m	p m	p m	LV AR	p m	p m
†7 10	†6 40	†2 45	Bellefonte	9 40	5 15
7 21	6 51	2 56	High	9 27	5 02
7 26	f6 56	3 01	Zion	f9 21	4 57
7 33	7 0	3 08	Hecla Park	9 15	4 51
7 35		3 10	Dunkles	9 13	4 48
7 39	f7 09	3 14	Hublersburg	f9 09	4 44
†7 43	7 13	3 18	Snydertown	9 06	4 40
7 45	f7 15	3 20	Nittany	f9 04	4 38
7 47	f7 18	3 22	Huston	f9 02	4 35
7 51	7 23	3 26	Lamar	f8 59	4 32
7 53	f7 25	3 28	Clintondale	f8 56	4 29
7 57	7 29	3 32	Krider's S'n'g	8 52	4 25
8 01	7 34	3 36	Mackeyville	f8 48	4 20
8 07	7 39	3 42	Cedar Springs	8 42	4 14
8 10	7 42	3 45	Salona	8 40	4 12
8 15	7 47	3 50	Mill Hall	†8 35	†4 07
			(NEW YORK CENT.)		
11 45	9 04		Jersey Shore	3 26	7 52
12 20	9 35		Arr WM'PORT Lve	2 50	†7 20
12 29	11 30		Lve WM'PORT Arr	2 30	50
			(PHILA AND READING RY)		
7 30	6 50		PHILA	†3 26	11 30
10 21	9 02		NEW YORK (Via Phila)	†4 30	9 00
p.m			Ar Lv.	a.m	p.m

†Week Days.

10 40 .....Ar ..NEW YORK..Lv....4 00 (Via Tamaqua.)

W. H. GEPHART, Gen. Superintendent

MADAME DEAN'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS.

A SAFE, CERTAIN REMEDY for SUPPRESSED MENSTRUATION. NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. Send prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free. If your druggist does not have them send your orders to the UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

For sale by C. M Parrish

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes

Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. 1100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper

Disease and Health

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

"Made a Well Man of Me."

THE GREAT REVIVO REMEDY

produces fine results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when others fail. Young men can regain their lost manhood, and old men may recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and quietly removes Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Sexual Weakness such as Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off approaching disease. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00. We give free advice and counsel to all who wish it, with guarantee. Circulars free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

M. Parrish.

CAN'T BE SEPARATED,

Some Bellefonte People Have Learned How To Get Rid of Both.

Backache and kidney ache are twin brothers.

You can't separate them.

And you can't get rid of the backache until you cure kidney ache.

If the kidneys are well and strong the rest of the system is pretty sure to be in vigorous health.

Doan's Kidney pills make strong, healthy kidneys.

Mrs. Nancy Davis, of 246 East Logan Street, says: "I suffered a bad fall some years ago when living in Rochester. I thought at first that I had breken my back. I was unable to get up without assistance and from that time I suffered for years with a weak back and excruciating pains through the loins and through the small of my back. Sometimes I was completely prostrated and helpless. Doctors and medicines failed to help me and the pain continued until I got Doan's Kidney ills. I took only a few doses before I began to feel better and when I had continued using them for a while I was thoroughly cured. My back regained its strength and the pain left me. I have had no return of the trouble since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

Get a 5 cent box of Lax-ets at our store please. We think they are great. Just test these toothsome, candy-like Laxative Tablets for constipation, sour stomach, biliousness, bad breath muddy complexion, etc, Risk 5 cents and see. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

ome Market

is the title of the first document of the Congressional campaign of 1906, issued by the American Protective Tariff League. The pamphlet is a reproduction of the great speech of Congressman John F. Lacey of Iowa, recently delivered in Congress. Send postal card request for free copy. Ask for document No. 84. Address W. F Wakeman, Secretary, 339 Broadway New York, N. Y.

—Impure blood runs you down—makes you an easy victim for organic diseases Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood—cures the cause—builds you up.

For dry, cracked lips, or rough skin use Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It positvely makes lips and skin like velvet. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

When a woman suffers from depressing weakness, she then keenly realize how helpless—how thoroughly worthless she is. Dr. Shoop has brought relief to thousands of such women. He reaches diceases pecular to women in two, direct specific ways—a local treatment known by druggist everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Night Cure, and a constitutional or internal prescription called Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is applied locally, and at night. It works while you sleep. It reduces inflamation it stops discharges, it heals, it soothes, it comforts, it cures.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative (tablets or liquid form) is a constitutional, nerve tissue tonic. It brings renewed streogth lasting ambition and vigor to weak, lifeless women.

These two remedies, singly, or used together, have an irresistible, positive helpful power. Try them a month and see. Sold by Greens Pharmacy Co.

Bronchitis for Twenty Years.

Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Il., writes; "I had bronchitis for twenty years and never got relief until I used Foley's Honey and Tar which is a sure cure Sold by C M Parish.

ases Desired for hildren.

The branch of the Childrens' Aid Society in Centre county has a number of children under twelve years, both boys and girls, whom it would like to place in good homes throughout the county. The majority of these children are boys, some as young as six months. Any persons desiring to take any of these children will please notify, either:

Miss J. E. Natt, or Mrs. J. Thomas Mitchell. Curtin street Bellfeonte, Pa.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Makes Kidneys and Bladder Right

For sale by C M Parrish.

—"I suffered habitually from constipation, Doan's Regulet's relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. D. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Tex

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

For sale by C M Parrish.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure,

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney, for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FAMOUS BALLET DANCERS.

Stories of La Taglioni, Fanny Elssler and Lola Montes.

It has been asserted that the grand ballet died when the famous Taglioni retired in 1845. At any rate, the ballet today is chiefly a spectacle of dress and colored limelight. Except for a very few performers, dancing as a high art has vanished.

There is no one now to set beside La Taglioni, who was the queen of the stage. Balzac introduced her into his novels. Even Thackeray condescended to notice her and declared enthusiastically in "The Newcomes" that the "young men of the day will never see anything so graceful as Taglioni in 'La Sylphide.'" At that time she was the rage. Stagecoaches and greatcoats were named after her.

La Taglioni owed her charm to a wonderful lightness and grace. Her style was rather ideal than realistic and voluptuous, as was then the vogue. The hideous ballet skirt of today she never wore, but a skirt that reached nearly to her ankles. It was one of the principles of her father, who taught her all she learned of the art, that the dancer should be modest in dress, in movement and in expression.

Another famous master, who called himself "Le Dieu de la Danse," always told his pupils to use all the coquetry they could.

Vestris, who founded the famous Vestris family, was an eighteenth century celebrity and quite remarkably conceited even for a dancer. "There are but three great men alive," he used to say, "myself, the Prussian Frederick and Voltaire." (It is interesting to compare Southey's remark that a male dancer deserves to be hamstrung.) That profession of which he was so proud is indeed an arduous one. Vestris used to practice for about six hours a day. A dancer must be extremely strong and supple.

A curious story is told about Fanny Elssler, a German dancer with coal black hair, which illustrates the extreme muscular strength a dancer requires. She was crossing to America when she entered her cabin one day and discovered a thief abstracting the jewel case which she kept hidden under her pillow. Before he could attack her she planted her foot full in his chest and killed him on the spot.

It is curious that no Englishwoman has ever achieved supreme success as a dancer. It is possible, as foreigners assert, that they lack the dramatic gift. It is certain that a lifelong devotion and arduous apprenticeship are essential to any expression through the medium of dancing. The "rats," the beginners at the Paris Opera, are articled for five years, and then, unless they have danced from their cradle, they cannot hope to attain the first rank.

Another quality essential to the great dancer is infinite patience. The only English dancer who ever gave promise of attaining the front rank failed in this respect. Lola Montez was the somewhat foreign name she had taken. She lost her temper one day with the manager at rehearsal and expressed her feelings so dramatically as to break an umbrella over his head. Managers will endure much for art's sake, but this was too much.

Carlotta Grisi is another famous name of the old opera. It was she who first introduced the polka into England—a Bohemian dance that came to stay. It was for her, too, that Heine, Gautier and Adolphe Adam collaborated in writing "Giselle."

There were a score more famous names that were familiar words in those days. Of the twelve leading dancers engaged at the King's theater in 1824 for a two months' season five were a sufficient attraction to receive more than £1,000 each.—London Mail.

A Terrible Punishment.

Herr Hager, a wealthy and absent-minded banker who lived in Berlin many years ago, frequently had watches picked from his pocket. At first he had recourse to all kinds of safety chains; then one fine morning he took no precaution whatever and quietly allowed himself to be robbed. At night, on returning from business, he took up the evening paper, when he uttered an exclamation of delight. A watch had exploded in a man's hands. The hands of the victim were shattered and the left eye gone. The crafty banker had filled the watch case with dynamite, which exploded during the operation of winding.

What It Cost Him.

Mrs. Watts—There! We have cleared off the last of that church debt, and it never cost you men a cent. See what women can do. Mr. Watts—I don't know about the other fellows, but I know you have made me spend more than $100 for extra meals downtown while you were out monkeying around.

When the Votes Tied

By CLAUDE PAURARES

Copyright, 1906, by W. R. Caldwell

It was an off year in politics—that is, it was a bad year for the politicians. The electors had taken the bit in their teeth and run away, and the cut and dried nominees had failed to become candidates. It was because of this that Abe Hewson had been elected to the legislature from one of the mountain districts. When his friends and neighbors had talked of nominating him he had replied:

"Shoo! Why, I hain't got no eddecashun!"

"Don't you reckon you need any to be an honest man."

"But I can't make no speech."

"The less gab the better. Been too much talk already."

"But them eddecated critters will git me all tangled up."

"Nobody can't tangle up a square man."

Abe Hewson was nominated and elected. He didn't have to pay out a shilling for campaign expenses, and he didn't make any promises. They knew him throughout his district as an honest man. They said of him as they said of a January coonskin—that was "prime."

His wife was not puffed up with pride over his nomination. She had little to say during the campaign. It was only when he came home and told her that he was elected that she motioned him to sit down and then said:

"Abe Hewson, nobody could dun say that you wasn't an honest man when I married you."

"I was tryin' to walk straight, Tilda."

"Fur ten years you was buyin' and sellin' mewls. Abe, did you ever lie and cheat in that business?"

"Drat me, but I was so squar' that I couldn't make a livin' at it."

"For six or seven years you have been buyin' coon and skunk and woodchuck skins. Have you been a liar and a cheat?"

"No, Tilda. I could have lied once and made $3 on a b'arskin, but I shet my teeth hard agin it."

"You kin borrow a dollar of most any man, can't you?"

"Reckon so."

"And when a man has got your word he depends on it?"

"'Pears that way."

"And all this is why you've been 'lected. It's cause you've got a good name; it's cause your a squar' man. Abe, we uns is pore folks. We hain't eddecated. Planers and silks and broadcloths are not for sich as us. We squatted yere twenty years ago, and we'll stay squatted till the end. I hain't makin' the least complaint over it. I don't believe I'd care to be rich and have grand things. I'm satisfied to go right along just like this, but don't fling us down, Abe—don't do that."

"What d'ye mean, Tilda?" he asked.

"I hain't much of a reader, but I can make out 'nuff in our weekly paper to know that heaps o' men are willin' to part with their honesty to get ahead in the world. Don't part with yours. You are goin' whar you'll be tempted, but shet your teeth agin it. I'm holdin' my head high and feelin' jest as good as any one on this here mounting, not bekase we've got money, Abe, but bekase you are a squar' man. If you should lose that name you'd lose me. I'm lovin' you as much as a wife can, but I'm speakin' mighty straight when I tell you that if so much as a whisper should come back here that you had lost your squar'ness I'd walk off and starve to death in the woods rather than live on with you."

"And I wouldn't be blamin' you, Tilda," quietly replied Abe as he went out to walk about and think.

Abe Hewson went down to the capital of the state in fear and trembling. He was marked down by certain members and lobbyists as a good thing, but they gave him time to shake himself down into his place. There were axes to grind on every hand, but it was the coal men who had the largest. They wanted a charter for a railroad to run to certain undeveloped mines. It wasn't a line to build up the country and accommodate the people, but to bring coal out to market. They wanted a grant of state lands to recoup themselves.

A powerful lobby, well supplied with money and arguments, was on hand. Those who saw through the scheme and knew that it was a steal also knew that they had their hands full to fight it.

Abe was moving along slowly and trying to look ahead for pitfalls when the matter of the railroad came up and he found himself in the thick of it. He found himself in the position of many another before his time. The state employs no lobbyists to protect herself. All the argument and sophistry and money are in the hands of those who would rob her. The opponents of the railroad scheme sat down with Abe Hewson and tried to make him understand. They found him dense, but realized that he wanted to be honest. They contented themselves by telling him that it was his duty to vote against the bill. It was clear enough to Abe that day, but not so clear the next. The lobby had got after him.

Your congressional or legislative lobbyist is a smart man. He is a student of character. He is a diplomat. He is sleek and slick. In this case when it became apparent that the vote would be close the Hon. Abraham Hewson was given especial attention. Cigars and champagne met him at every turn. Men were solicitous about his health. He came to know that shawls and dress patterns and jewelry were being sent to his mountain home. Tailors were ready to measure him for new suits without cost to himself, and hints were thrown out that after the adjournment he would be wanted to fill an important position down in the lowlands.

All this was very soothing and seductive to Abe. He had always been used to plain speech. A spade was either a spade or not a spade. The sophistry of the lobbyists tangled him up. He was made to see that under certain circumstances a long handled shovel became a short handled spade. He was a man without a grain of natural vanity, but when gentlemen of wealth and education asked him to sit down and drink and smoke with them and deferred to his opinions it was only natural that he should feel puffed up.

The day came when a poll of the house showed that the vote on the railroad bill would be a tie. Abe Hewson could not be counted for certain on either side. Both sides claimed him, but he had made no direct promise. The casting vote would be his. Some of his mountain constituents had come down, but between the lobbyists for and the members against the bill they had soon been reduced to a state of uncertainty. For the first time in the history of the legislature an ignorant but honest "coonskin" member held the balance of power with the most important bill of two decades in the balance.

Queerly enough, the lobbyists had not resorted to direct bribery in Abe's case. They might argue and cajole and throw hints of rewards, but they felt afraid to go further. Both sides felt that he was trying to figure things out for himself and then cast his vote as conscience dictated.

The day finally came when the bill was to be put on its final passage. That it would be a tie vote every one was assured. Abe Hewson was in his seat, pale, nervous and hesitating between two opinions. He was no nearer a decision in his own mind than a week before. Some preliminary business was being transacted when a messenger called him out. Just outside the doors he found his wife. She had on her poke bonnet and heavy shoes and calico dress and had been the sport of a crowd for the last ten minutes. It was thirty-six miles over the rough mountain road to the log cabin, and she had walked all night. She had never been in the city before, never seen such crowds, never beheld such buildings, never looked so many men in the face.

"Gawd, Tilda, but you yere!" exclaimed Abe as he laid a hand on her shoulder.

"Yes, Abe."

"But what for? What dun brung ye?"

"That railroad bill, Abe. I've been readin' of it right along, and I've dun been prayin'."

"And—and"—

"Prayin' to Gawd, Abe—prayin' that he might dun gimme light to see my way clear and make you see yours. The light come yesterday. Gawd he dun wants you to vote agin that railroad and still be an honest man. I've walked all night to get here and tell you. I was skeered by the darkness, and I'm skeered by the people. They are laughin' at me now. I'd never have come, Abe—I'd never have come in this livin' world if Gawd hadn't dun sent me."

Half an hour later the bill was put on its passage, and one of the messages going over the wires to people interested read:

"Railroad bill knocked into a cocked hat. Abe Hewson's wife did it."

Unnecessary.

"Now, Tommy," said the boy's mother, giving him final instructions, "you must remember how to behave at the party. If you're asked to have something and you want it you must say 'Yes,' thank you,' and if you don't want it you must say"—

"You needn't bother about that part of it, ma," interrupted Tommy.

From the Woods.

A popular soprano is said to have a voice of fine timbre, a willowy figure, cherry lips, chestnut hair and hazel eyes. She must have been raised in the lumber region.

In Womanly Ailments and Weaknesses

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure Soothes, Heals and Cures while the Patient Sleeps

The best remedy which physicians know Female Troubles is composed of parts of certain white lily. To this are added other remedies which are intended to draw out poisons and heal the inflamed membranes. The soothing antiseptic local application is known by druggists and physicians everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—because it cures while the patient sleeps and the moment finds the pain, the inflammation, the discharges, abated. The lives of many women are records of martyrdom. They suffer, they are sick, they never know a well day—all this suffering and sickness is many times unnecessary. Every ailing woman should be made strong, may be made to experience the vigor and vitality of bust and perfectly healthy manhood. It is to this ever-increasing number of suffering women that Dr. Shoop sends this way to help. It is these sick and ailing women that Shoop's Night Cure will come as a message of real relief. You may not know your trouble by the name physicians give it, but remember Dr. Shoop's Night Cure may be relied upon in all cases of ulceration, local pains, irritation, weaknesses, inflammation, congestion and irregularities. Ask for Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. Recommended and sold by

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Big List of Criminal Cases Being Rapidly Disposed Off.

Judge Orvis, the district attorney Mr. Runkle and the Grand Jury are rapidly disposing of the list of criminal cases that stared them in the face at the beginning of the week. However it will likely take them all the week and then some of the cases will go over until November Court.

About the most pathetic case that has been brought to the attention of the Centre County courts for some time was that of the Commonwealth vs Gottlieb Kerstein charged with statulary rape, adultery and bastardy. The prosecutrix was Augusta Geiser, a cripple girl under the age of sixteen years. Kerstein, who was charged with this foul crime has a wife and three small children who were in court with him. The victim of the assault has been cripple since her birth and was wheeled into court in an invalid's chair. She was very bright and gave her testimony in a straight forward manner. Kerstein denied his guilt on the stand. All the parties are of German extraction and reside in Rush township. Ex-Judge Love assisted the prosecution and J. C. Meyer defended the prisoner. Although the odds were against him, Mr. Meyer made a very able defense.

Wednesday afternoon the register offered his accounts for confirmation ni si, and the county treasurer acknowledged his deeds to the several purchasers of land at the unseated land sales held in June and August.

Com. vs Herbert Goss, prosecutor Thos. Nevling; indictment—first count, larceny; second count, receiving stolen goods. The defendant is charged with the taking on July 23rd, 1906, of a lady's open-faced gold watch, worth about $7. The District Attorney nol prossed the second count and the defendant plead guilty to the second count.

Com. vs James Yardley, prosecutor David Adamson, indicted—first count, felonious assault; second count, larceny from person. The defendant was indicted as above stated for the taking of $75 from the person of the prosecutor on June 11th, 1906. Defendant plead guilty.

Com. vs Harry Stine, prosecutor John Peace, indicted for cruelty to animals. This case is from Milesburg and according to the commonwealth's allegations the defendant hired a horse and buggy from the prosecutor on May 30th, 1906, about 12 o'clock, noon, to drive to Curtin in the afternoon and Howard in the evening, the rig to be returned to the stable about 12 o'clock of that night. That the rig was not returned by the defendant, but was returned by another man at some time after four o'clock on the morning of May 31st. That the horse was welted and over driven. Also that the defendant had gone to other places than stated by him when the horse and rig were hired. The defendant admits the driving, but that he did not whip the horse only when he scared at an automobile, when he had hit him four or five times with the whip after the horse had kicked, but that he did not cruelly beat him, and that he had used a cheap whip, which was not broken. The court held that the defendant could not be convicted for over driving on the indictment as it stood, but submitted the case to the jury as to whether or not the horse had been cruelly treated. Verdict on Wednesday afternoon, as he stands indicted.

Commonwealth vs Nestor Sirgey, prosecutor William Miller, indicted—first count, horse stealing; second count, larceny; third count, receiving stolen goods. This is the young man of whom a full account was given sometime ago in this paper of stealing a horse from Mr. Miller, and the record shows that he stole one mare of the value of $100, and harness at the value of $10.00 on June 11th, 1906. Defendant plead guilty.

The First Stove.

The most important uses of fire were taught by fire itself. As the primitive man stood near the flames of the burning tree and felt their pleasant glow he learned that fire may add to bodily comfort, and when the flames swept through a forest and overtook a deer and baked it, he learned that fire might be used to improve the quality of his food. The hint was not lost. He took a burning torch to his cave or hut and kindled him a fire on his floor of earth. His dwelling filled with smoke, but he could endure the discomfort for the sake of the toothsomeness of the cooked meats. After a time a hole was made in the roof of the hut, and through this hole the smoke passed out. Here was the first stove. The primitive stove was the entire house, the floor was the fireplace and the hole in the roof was the chimney. The word "stove" originally meant "a heated room."

Worth Knowing.

If you have any kind of scalp trouble skin humor, eczema, ulcer, wound, piles cut or old running sore remember that we guarantee Dermakola ointment to relieve you or we will pay your 25 cents back. Sold by C. M. Parish.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

FARLE C. TUTEN.

BRIEF MENTION

Short Items of Local Interest Gathered By The Way Side

—The McClain building on High Street is having its roof retarred.

—Samuel Bryant and William Ryan of this place, wish us to announce that they are getting a street piano to play for dances only.

—The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Royer on Water street died Friday of inflamation of the bowels. Funeral took place Saturday afternoon.

—At the Republican Senatorial conference held at Philipsburg Friday, no result was attained and they adjourned to meet at the place on Tuesday September 4th.

MARRIED—Thursday evening Aug. 30th at the Reformed parsonage by the Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt, Mr. Edward A. Gross and Miss Elizabeth Ickhoff both of Bellefonte.

—The dental office of Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick in Temple Court will be closed until after next Friday Sept. 7th, the Doctor being absent on a business trip to Philadelphia. Aug. 31 1-week.

—Already the Academy students are arriving. Among the early arrivals is Mr. Raymond Acheson of Niagara Falls, a former student who is very well known in town and is one of the most popular in the school.

There must be some fake about that new trick of Sandow-Sampson's," said Tete de Veux.

"What trick is that? L'Oignon asked.

"Why the strong man closes and locks, unassisted and within five minutes, a Saratoga trunk packed by a woman for a week's trip to the seashore."

—Any man who approaches you with a proposition which involves the placing of your signature on a piece of paper which is to remain in his possession is nine times out of ten working a graft for the transference of money from your pocket to his own. When chaps of this kind come around, either tie your right hand behind you or set the dog on them.

—Once upon a time there was a merchant who had some doubt about advertising being a paying business—just wasn't sure that people read the advering columns of the papers. To test the matter he inserted an advertisement in the local paper directing attention to an article that he didn't have in stock and he is still trying to explain.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Naatz of Kirkville, N. Y., have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Mary Augusta, to James Orville Brewer, of this place, the ceremony took place at noon Wednesday, September 5th. Mr. Brewer, who is in the employ of McCalmont & Co., left Friday for the home of his intended.

—The Christian Endeavor choir of the Presbyterian church held its weekly practice at the Bellefonte Academy Monday evening. It was an out door practice in which the interest and pleasure were intensified by the beautiful electric display about the building. The people in the town were attracted by the music and the illuminations. About twenty singers were in attendance.

—The men whom we have seen succeed best in life have always been cheerful and hopeful men who went about their business with a smile on their faces, and took the changes and chances of their normal life like men facing rough and smooth alike as it came, and so found the truth of the old proverb, that "good times and bad times and all times pass over."

—Pleasures seekers in Mifflin county resort to the novelty of climbing the Seven Mountains over a tram road on lumber trucks behind a "dinkey," the objective point being a spot where Mifflin, Centre and Huntingdon counties meet. The scenery along this road is varied and grand. While much of the territory traversed by the little engine has been lumbered off, there yet remain many acres in Detwiler Valley that the lumbermrn is putting the ax to virgin timber.

—Edward L. Gates assumed the local editor's chair in office of the Keystone Gazette, last Saturday September 1st, succeeding Francis Speer who on the same day became associate editor of the Centre Democrat. Mr. Gates is a graduate of the Bellefonte High School and a bright energetic young man whom we feel sure has a bright future before him. He should come by his talents naturally as both his father and uncle are newspaper men. He is also a grandson of the late Edward T. Tuten for many years editor and publisher of the Bellefonte Republican. We wish him success in his new undertaking.

—On account of an epidemic of diphtheria the Tyrone public schools will not open for several weeks yet.

—Mr. Harry Otto played base ball Monday with Snow Shoe in their sensational game with Winburne at Snow Shoe Driving Park.

—Mr. John Curtin gave a stag dinner at the Nittany Rod and Gun Club on Monday night. This stag was given in honor of his departure from bachelordom.

—The "Willows" have of late been occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beezer, who have been entertaining the two Misses Shields and four young ladies from Altoona.

—Mr. John Curtin and Miss Jane Furst gave a dinner Tuesday evening at the Nittany Country Club in honor of their approaching marriage. There were thirty-one guests present.

—Rev. Platts, and family; Chas Cook, and family; Wm. B. Rankin; and family; Mrs. Morgan of Pittsburg with a few friends drove to Centre Hall Monday afternoon where they partook of a chicken and waffle supper.

—Master Harold Gardner now has the junior record of 180 for high bowling on the Y. M. C. A. alleys. Harold certainly is a crackerjack at knocking down pins and if he don't develop to be a brilliant star it won't be his fault.

—We are happy to announce that Mr. Harry Cook is again conductor on the L & T train that comes in at 9:00 and goes out at 1:50. Mr. Cook was formerly conductor on this train but owing to sickness he has been laying off for a year.

—Frank Downing, a brakeman on the Bellefonte Central, had his right hand crushed while making a coupling at Coleville Tuesday afternoon. He was taken to the Bellefonte Hospital and it is feared his hand will have to be amputated.

WANTED:—Representatives to look after renewals of subscriptions for The American Magazine. Experience not essential. No capital needed. Good opportunity to build up a permanent business. Address: J. N. Trainer, 146 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y.

—The Knights of the Golden Eagle of Centre County will hold their annual reunion at Grange Park, Centre Hall on Wednesday forenoon September 19th. Past Grand Chief George C. Stahl, Grand Chief Webster Grimm and other prominent speakers will be present. There will be a parade at 9:30 a. m,

—Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Collins tenders thanks to the citizens of Pine Grove Mills for the sympathy and respect shown them during the serious illness of their little daughter. Mildred, we give special thanks to Dr. G. H. Woods for his close attention to the child, who is still improving under his care at State College.

—Mr. James R. Hughes has leased the property of the Thomas estate at the corner of Allegheny and Curtin streets for one year. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hughes and Miss Overton will be in charge. About twenty boarders will be accomdated here. All instructions however will be given in the main Academy building.

—Oysters are in season, likewise blackbirds of all kinds, jack snipes and wild ducks. As the weather is still warm none of these delicacies will be relished until there is cool weather for several days. Reports from the oyster beds say the crop this year will be plentiful and the oysters larger than ever, owing to improved methods of cultivation.

—Harvest Home services were held in St. John's Reformed church last Sunday morning. The church was beautifully adorned with wheat, oats, sheaves, corn in the stalks, vegetable fruits and flowers. The offerings were $16.00 for the relief of Disabled Ministers. Monday morning the fruits, vegetables and flowers were given as a donation to the Bellefonte Hospital.

—An exchange says: 'The people who eat meat are now paying for the extra expense the packers incurred in cleaning up their establishments and the decline in the sales of their products on account of the Congressional exposure of the meat packing filthiness. Within the past six weeks meat has advanced two cents, ham and breakfast bacon retailing at 17 and 18 cents. This makes an increase of from 50 to 80 per cent. within the past decade."

—The state law requires that all school children be successfully vaccinated before they be enrolled in the public schools of any districts in consequence of which all children entering the public schools of the borough for the first time will be required to present to the teacher with their certificate of classification a certificate of successful vaccination. No children will be admitted to the schools who do not have this certificate.

—The theatrical season was opened Tuesday night at Garman's Opera House with the presentation of the sensational western comedy "The Bronco Buster." The show was altogether a good one, one of those heart to heart plays that never lag and which holds the audience spellbound. It was a success and we compliment Mr. Garman for bringing such a show here, also on the good appearance, outside and in of the Opera House. The Opera House has just been repainted and a new set of scenes procured.

THE NEW 1000-MILE TICKET.

On Sale at Pennsylvania Railroad Offices and Affords a Most Accommodating Form of Transportation.

The general Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad has supplied the ticket offices of the System with full stocks of the Mileage Books, recently adopted, and they will be sold to travelers on and after September 1st.

These books contain coupons entitling the holder to travel one thousand miles over any of the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg, Erie and Buffalo, inclusive, and the Cumberland Valley Railroad, and are sold at a flat rate of $20. They are valid for use for one year from date of purchase as stamped on the cover.

The introduction of this ticket supplies every demand which could exist for a ticket, unhampered by conditions and unrestricted as to personal use, and gives to the frequent traveler over the Pennsylvania System the benefit of a two cent a mile rate.

The advantages of the ticket are obvious and manifold. It may be purchased with the same ease as a card ticket or any other ticket not requiring signature or witness. The name of the holder does not appear upon it and it is good for the transportation of any one who presents it, and as many others accompanying him as the mileage limit will include. Any member of a firm or an employee, any official or employe of a corporation, any member of a family or a guest may use the ticket just as if any one of these persons had been the original purchaser. As a matter of fact the holder of the ticket enjoys all of its privileges to the fullest extent of its transportation value. The ticket will be accepted for transportation on any part of the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg, including the Cumberland Valley Railroad, for distances exceeding two miles, except in certain specified portions of the territory within the city limits of the larger terminals. It is valid for passage on all passenger trains, including the Limited trains, when accompanied by the necessary extra fare and Pullman charges, with the one exception of the Pennsylvania Special, the eighteen-hour train between New York and Chicago, on which no reduced rate ticket of any kind is valid. The popular features of the new ticket commend it to the consideration of those who travel often. Anyone may buy it, anyone may use it, no identification of the holder is required and the price is the flat rate of two cents per mile.

A STABBING AFFRAY.

Occurred at Clarence—Two Italians Lodged in Jail.

Monday afternoon between 5 and 6 o'clock a very serious stabbing affray occurred at Clarence which resulted in seriously injuring a man named Anthony Santo. All the parties interested are Italians and the assailants seem to have a grudge against Santo. Along about five o'clock Rosie Starr slipped up behind Santo and stabbed him three times. Once through the right arm, once under the shoulder blade and again in the stomach. Santo fell to the ground bleeding profusely, but in the meantime a big Italian named Jim Sollicken struck Santo over the head with a big stone.

The two Italians, Starr and Sollicken were arrested and taken before Justice of the Peace, Chas. Zindel at Snow Shoe who gave them a hearing and then remanded them to jail. They were brought to Bellefonte at midnight Monday and lodged in Fort Kline.

Santo was standing in front of his cabin when Starr slipped up behind him taking him unawares. It is alleged that Starr had an old grudge against Santo and took this opportunity to get revenge.

A telephone message received at this office Tuesday afternoon states that Santo will recover.

Has the Loop Been Discovered.

"The peculiar situation in which certain communities very often exist is quite frequently reversed. That portion of Penn's Valley, Centre county, lying west or southwest of Potters Mills, has been always known as the loop, and its people often spoken of in a contemptible manner as loopers. This is one of the narrow and shallow ways of thinking. The people of the loop are of the best citizens of Centre county. They may live in a somewhat isolated portion of that county, but are content to pursue the even tenor of their way. But the loop may yet rise to prominence, as the newly proposed railway line, called the New York, Pittsburg and Chicago, which is to cost one hundred and fifty million dollars, passes through Tusseyville, which is in or very close to the loop."

The above is from the pen of Vivian, the Reedsville correspondent to the Lewistown Democrat and Sentinel.

Those who refer slightingly to the inhabitants of the country to which the appelation of "Loop" is given, do so because they are unacquainted with them. The "Loop" proper may be termed an uninhabited region, because the location is always designated as "beyond" by every good citizen of the South side of Potter township.—Centre Reporter.

PERSONALS

Short But Newsy Personals of Those Who Come And Go.

Mr. Nip Smith left Monday for Altoona.

Ed. Schofield left Sunday on a business trip to Pittsburg.

Mr. Homer Barnes left Sunday for Port Royal, Pa., on a brief visit.

Wilbur F. Harris of Harrisburg was an arrival in Bellefonte Monday morning.

Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick departed Friday afternoon on a business trip to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Peter Ambas of Columbus, Ohio is visiting Mrs. George S. Grimm of this place.

Miss Mary Otto, of Williamsport, is visiting at the home of F. Potts Green on East Linn street.

Miss Helen Hamilton returned home Monday morning from a two weeks visit with friends in Huntingdon.

Mrs. Chas. Smith, of Bishop street, left Thursday for Philadelphia where she will visit her daughter Mrs. Seixas.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Thomas and son Francis arrived home Wednesday from a visit with friends in Philadelphia.

Miss Minnie Cole one of the compositors in this office left Thursday for Altoona where she will spend the next week.

Misses Lulu and Cordelia Cox, of Altoona, left Saturday for their home after a pleasant visit with friends in this place.

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas VanTries arrived home Friday from Asbury Park where they spent the first part of last week.

Miss Ellen Sweiler, who has been visiting at the home of her brother Ed of this place, returned to her home in in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Frank Barnes of Washington, D. C. nee Miss Nellie Boal of Bellefonte, arrived Friday afternoon as the guest of Miss Mira Humes.

Fred Chambers, who is in partnership with G. W. Hall in a phonograph enterprise in Tyrone spent Sunday with his parents in this place.

Miss Ethel Hutzel, of Kings Mills, Ohio, arrived in Bellefonte Thursday where she will spend some time visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Hugh S. Taylor and two children and Miss Stella Cross left Wednesday afternoon for Philipsburg where they will visit relatives.

Mrs. Morgan and Miss Boggs of Pittsburg are guests at the Presbyterian parsonage, the former visiting Mrs. Platts and the latter Miss Maxon.

Mrs. Thomas Caldwell and Mrs. Claude Thompson left Thursday for Philadelphia and Atlantic City where they will spend the next ten days.

Dr. John Keichline, of Philadelphia, arrived in Bellefonte Monday afternoon where he will visit his father and mother Mr. and Mrs. John M. Keichline, on Bishop street.

Miss Mame Hamilton who has been in training for a nurse at Philadelphia is spending her vacation at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Thad Hamilton on Howard street.

Mrs. John Mullen of Allegheny City and Mrs. Herring of Altoona were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Arney on Thomas street the fore part of last week.

David Spitler, one of Sandy Ridge's staunch Republicans while in town attending court last week stopped at the Republican office and paid his subscription for another year.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kaufman, of Altoona, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Love of Reynolds Avenue. They have just returned from a weeks sojourn in Atlantic City.

Miss Ann Garman arrived in Bellefonte Friday evening from her home in Atlantic City. Miss Garman intends to teach school near Julian, and will take her final examinations this week.

Rev. James B. Stein Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church with his family has returned from a two weeks visit among friends in Altoona, Bellwood and Hopewell, Pa.

W. Harrison Walker Esq., returned home Friday from Scranton where he was called on important legal business. While there he was admitted to the United States District and Circuit Courts.

Among Williamsports automobiling enthusiasts that stopped for Sunday dinner in Bellefonte were Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Grabb, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Painter and Mr. Frank Otto. They report that the roads are pretty good in this section.

Among the many handsome young ladies who visited Centre Hall within the past week were Misses Alma Stine, of Zion, and Mame McGarvey, of Bellefonte, guests of Miss Alice Robinson. The former is a teacher and will have charge of the Hecla school, and the latter is connected with Mallory's studio, Bellefonte.—Centre Reporter.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

A Cream of Tartar Powder free from alum or phosphatic acid

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Harry Robb of Pittsburg is visiting his mother on High street.

Mrs. Judge Love and children left Monday for Philadelphia.

Mrs. Cynick Walker and two children left Monday for Houtzdale.

Miss Elsie Rankin is visiting Miss Carrie Ruth at Williamsport.

Harry Green attended a base ball game at Williamsport Monday.

Mr. James Parsons returned Monday to his home in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Nolan returned Monday from a trip to Niagara.

Mrs. Frank McFarland of Boalsburg is visiting friends in town for a few days.

Miss Blanche Underwood arrived home last week from a ten days trip to Renova.

Miss Grace Mitchell left Monday for Philadelphia where she will visit friends.

Miss Sarah Foster returned home Sunday after a couple weeks visit in Huntingdon.

Mr. Ed Irwin returned home Monday evening from a ten days visit to Atlantic City.

Col. and Mrs. J. L. Spangler spent Monday at the Old Fort hotel near Centre Hall.

Mr. T. S. Straw and wife spent Sunday with Mrs. Straw's parents in Scotdale.

Miss Daisy Tate left Monday for her home in Punxsutawney after visiting friends in this place.

Mr. Geo. Meek returned from Atlantic City Tuesday where he spent a few days enjoying the sea breeze.

Ralph Noll of Pleasant Gap left Monday for Val Parasia Ind., where he will enter a University at that place.

Miss Sprankle, who has been visiting the McCoy's on Thomas street, returned Monday to her home in Altoona.

Mrs. Hamilton Otto from Johnstown, and Mrs. A. S. Garman from Tyrone were arrivals in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Mrs. F. Potts Green left Saturday for Lewisburg where she will visit her sister, Miss Ann Harris.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lukenbach and two children, of Tyrone, spent Sunday with their Bellefonte friends.

Miss Rebecca P. Lyon after spending a very pleasant summer with relatives in Bellefonte left Tuesday for Philadelphia.

Mr. Bond Valentine, who has been visiting at the home of Harry Valentine returned Monday to his work in Philadelphia.

Miss Lizzie Lysett of Johnstown who has been visiting Mrs. Bert Taylor for the last six weeks returned to her home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Derstine, of Altoona, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Derstine's parents Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Donachy.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore, of Tyrone, passed through here Monday from Toronto, Canada, where they have been visiting friends of late.

Miss Mollie Snyder left Wednesday for Philadelphia and New York, where she will select a new line of goods for the Fall opening.

W. B. Chamberlain and wife, Harry Chamberlain and wife, of Milton, were here to attend the Curtin—Furst wedding which occured Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Foleman and family and Mrs. W. H. Hardman, all of Philadelphia, who have been visiting at the home of Joseph Undercoffer departed Wednesday for their home.

Master Robert Cole returned Tuesday from a months camping around State College. The camp was most of the time situated near the mouth of Spring Creek and Robert reports that swimming is the greatest sport on earth.

Miss Pearsel Stine, of Philipsburg is visiting friends in Bellefonte, Buffalo Run and Benore,

George and Forest Tanner arrived home Monday from a visit with friends in Renova.

Mr. Charles Thomas and wife of Lewistown are visiting friends and relatives in Milesburg and Bellefonte.

Mrs. Louis Lonsbury returned Tuesday from a three weeks trip with friends in Elmira, N. Y., and Tioga county.

William I. Potter and wife of Milesburg, are settled in "The Red Brick School House" their summer home for a month and will return to the city the first of October.

IRVIN CLARK AND FAMILY ARE SADLY AFFLICTED.

Father and Four Daughters Contracted Typhoid Fever.

The family of Irvin Clark, of near Blanchard, are very much afflicted. The father and four daughters have been ill with fever. The father has recovered, one daughter died and was buried on Wednesday of last week and the other three daughters are yet in a critial condition. Dr. F. P. Ball, of Lock Haven who was called to attend the patients pronounced the disease typhoid fever. Two nurses, one from Williamsport, and one from Nittany are constantly in attendance upon the patients.

When death entered the home and took away one of the girls, Mrs. Margaret Bechtol, a neighbor, in the goodness of her heart, went to the house and rendered much valuable assistances. She was the only person, except the nurses, on account of a false rumor about the nature of the disease, who could be induced to enter the house and assist the family in this their time of deepest distress and need.

A cruel rumor was put in circulation that the malady was yellow fever and hence nobody went to the house to assist the nurse until Mrs. Bechtol, like the good Samaritan, lent a helping hand. Why the good people of that neighborhood should give credence to the unfounded reports and thus multiply the sorrows of this greatly bereaved family, is beyond comprehension. Dr. Ball states that the ailment is typhoid fever, and while this is bad enough, there is need of thoughtless persons injuring the family and the community by circulating the base rumor that the disease is something other than typhoid.

There is every reason to believe that the family contracted the disease by drinking water from a well, into which a small pond drained. In this pond ducks and geese swim about almost hourly while other fowls scratch and peck nearby.

Auman—Jones.

Herbert Auman, assistant in the job department of the Keystone Gazette, Bellefonte, was married Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, to Miss Viola Jones. The ceremony took place at the Episcopal parsonage, by Rev. Butler. "Herbie" had the matrimonial bee buzzing in his ear for a year but he heard so much about a wife snatching a man bald headed that he was afraid to make the leap. He, however, got up courage and now he is the husband of one of the neatest and prettiest young ladies in the town. His many friends offer congratulations.

He wouldn't Buy.

Stranger:—Where can I get a nice quiet pony? I want to ride around.

Bill:—I have loads of them, all quiet as lambs. Of course they are kind of kittenish. They may try to bite yer leg or roll over on yer, maybe fall over backwards, but ye mustn't mind a little fun like that. Otherwise they are as gentle as a baby. What, going, stranger? From "The Bronco Buster," at Garman's opera house on Tuesday September 4th.